

INSTITUT  
POLYTECHNIQUE  
DE PARIS



# A theoretical description of the interplay of collective fluctuations in strongly correlated systems

**Erik Linnér**

Erik Linnér, A. I. Lichtenstein, S. Biermann and E. A. Stepanov, arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)

Erik Linnér, C. Dutreix, S. Biermann and E. A. Stepanov, arXiv:2301.10755 (2023)

# Interplaying collective fluctuations

- A hallmark of materials with strong electronic Coulomb correlations :  
Rich phase diagrams exhibiting various kinds of ordering phenomena
  - **WANTED:** Efficient approaches to describe interplaying collective fluctuations
-

# Interplaying collective fluctuations

- A hallmark of materials with strong electronic Coulomb correlations :  
Rich phase diagrams exhibiting various kinds of ordering phenomena
- **WANTED:** Efficient approaches to describe interplaying collective fluctuations

- Model for interplaying collective fluctuations in a fermionic system:  
**Extended Hubbard model**

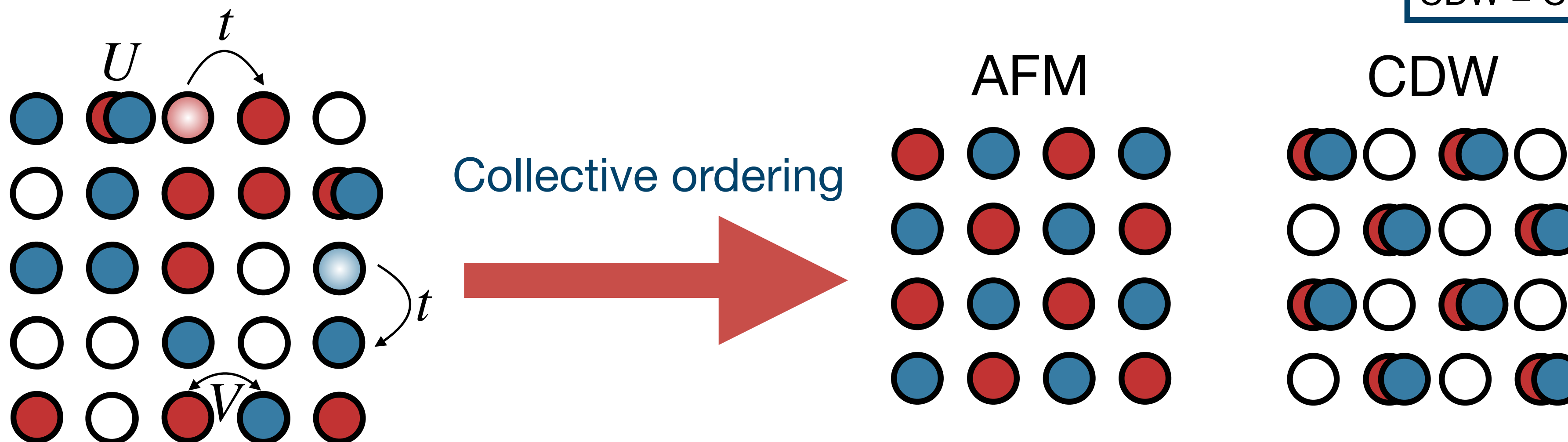
- Competing local on-site  $U$  and nearest neighbour non-local  $V$

$$\hat{H} = -t \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle, \sigma} \hat{c}_{i\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{j\sigma} + U \sum_i \hat{n}_{i\uparrow} \hat{n}_{i\downarrow} + \frac{1}{2} V \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle, \sigma\sigma'} \hat{n}_{i\sigma} \hat{n}_{j\sigma'} \quad \hat{n}_{i\sigma} = \hat{c}_{i\sigma}^\dagger \hat{c}_{i\sigma}$$

$t$  = hopping,  $U$  = local on-site interaction,  $V$  = non-local nearest-neighbour interaction

AFM = Antiferromagnetism

CDW = Charge density wave



# Previous work (non-exhaustive)

## Extended Hubbard model :

### Earliest considerations

- J. Hubbard, Proc. R. Soc. Long. A **276**, 238-257 (1963)  
R. A. Bari, Phys. Rev. B **3**, 2662-2670 (1971)  
V. J. Emery, Phys. Rev. B **14**, 2989-2994 (1976)  
J. Sólyom, Adv. Phys. **28**, 201-303 (1979)

## Experimentally relevant work :

- J. M. Tranquada, et. al. Nature **375**, 561 (1995)  
J. Hoffman, et. al. Science **295**, 466 (2002)  
C. Howald, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA **100**, 9705 (2003)  
Y. Wang, et. al. Phys. Rev. Lett. **127**, 197003 (2021)  
X. Wang, et. al. Nat Commun **13**, 6824 (2022)  
Q. Li, et. al. Nature **609**, 479 (2022)

## Wanted :

Efficient approach to describe interplaying collective fluctuations with:

- No explicit symmetry breaking
- Direct treatment of interplaying fluctuations
- Numerically low-cost approach

## Competing instabilities in the model two-dimensional model :

### • Repulsive interactions :

- B. Fourcade and G. Spronken, Phys. Rev. B **29**, 5096-5102 (1984)  
A. M. Oleś, R. Micnas, S. Robaszkiewicz, and K. A. Chao, Phys. Lett. A **102**, 323-326 (1984)  
J. E. Hirsch, Phys. Rev. Lett. **53**, 2327-2330 (1984)  
Y. Zhang and J. Callaway, Phys. Rev. B **42**, 465-474 (1990)  
J. Callaway, et. al. , Phys. Rev. B **42**, 465-474 (1990)  
M. Aichhorn, H. G. Evertz, W. von der Linden, and M. Potthoff, Phys. Rev. B **70**, 235107 (2004)  
B. Davoudi, and A.-M. S. Tremblay, Phys. Rev. B **74**, 035113 (2006)  
B. Davoudi, and A.-M. S. Tremblay, Phys. Rev. B **76**, 085115 (2007)  
T. Ayrál, P. Werner, and S. Biermann, Phys. Rev. Lett. **109**, 226401 (2012)  
T. Ayrál, S. Biermann, and P. Werner, Phys. Rev. B **87**, 125149 (2013)  
H. Terletska, T. Chen, and E. Gull, Phys. Rev. B **95**, 115149 (2017)  
J. Paki, H. Terletska, S. Isakov, and E. Gull, Phys. Rev. B **99**, 245146 (2019)  
P. Pudleiner, A. Kauch, K. Held, and G. Li, Phys. Rev. B **100**, 075108 (2019)

### • Attractive interactions :

- V. J. Emery, Phys. Rev. B **14**, 2989-2994 (1976)  
S. Robaszkiewicz, R. Micnas, K. A. Chao, Phys. Rev. B **23**, 1447-1458 (1981)  
R. T. Scaletter, et. al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **62**, 1407-1410 (1989)  
C. N. Yang, Phys. Rev. Lett. **63**, 2144-2147 (1989)  
A. A. Aligia, Phys. Rev. B **61**, 7028-7032 (2000)  
B. Davoudi, and A.-M. S. Tremblay, Phys. Rev. B **76**, 085115 (2007)  
E. G. C. P. Van Loon, and M. I. Katsnelson, J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. **1136**, 012006 (2018)  
M. Yao, D. Wang, and Q.-H. Wang, Phys. Rev. B **106**, 195121 (2022)



# Multi-Channel Fluctuating Field theory

Action of a correlated quantum lattice system  
**Unfeasible to solve exactly**

Variational optimisation



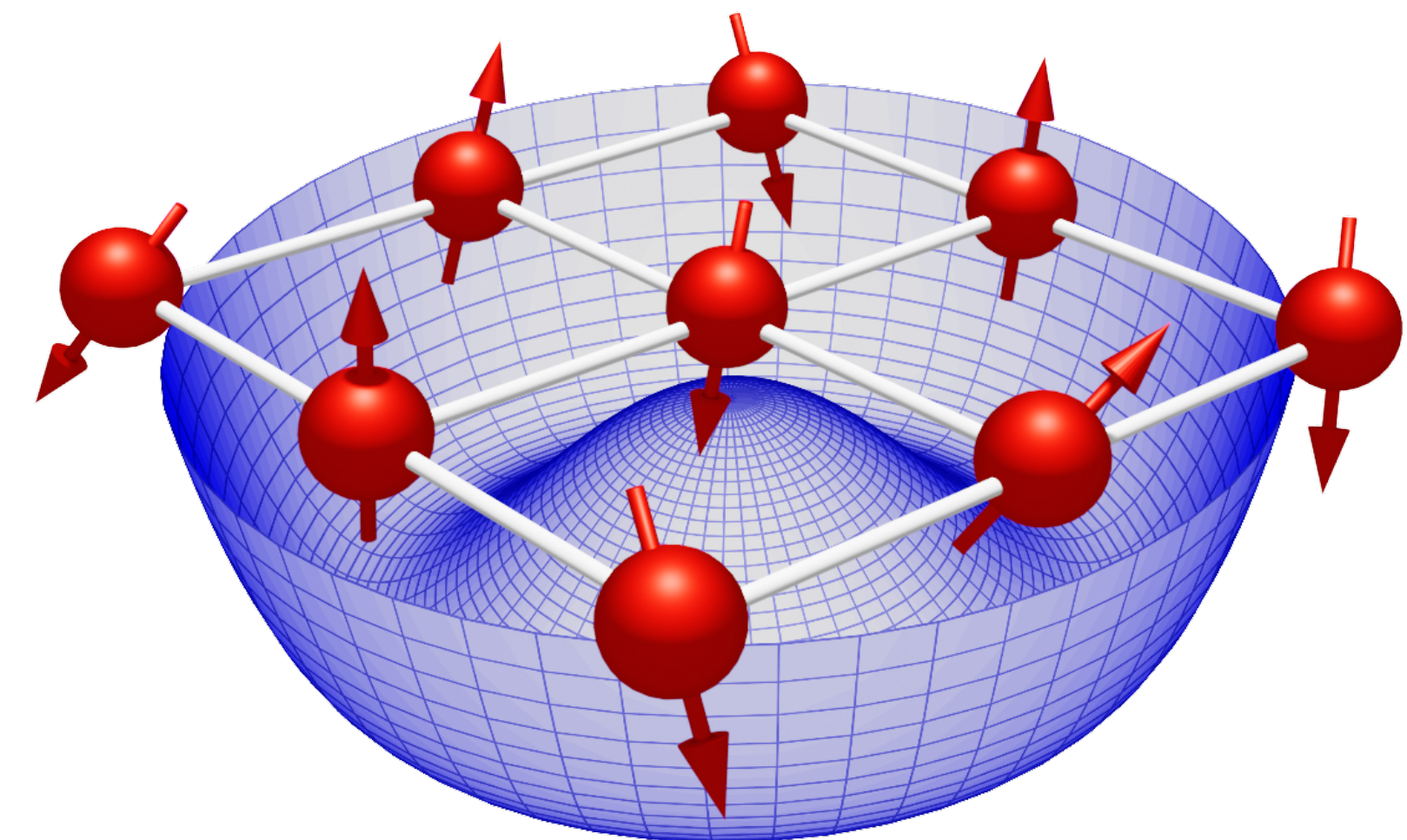
Trial action incorporating leading collective fluctuations  
**Exactly solvable**

- **Fluctuating (local) field (FF) : Variational construction of a trial system allowing for a cheap non-perturbative treatment of the spin channel**

A. N. Rubtsov, PRE 97, 052120 (2018)

A. N. Rubtsov, E. A. Stepanov, and A. I. Lichtenstein, PRB 102, 224423 (2020)

- **Here: Development of a multi-channel generalisation of the FF approach in order to study interplaying collective fluctuations**  
EL, A. I. Lichtenstein, S. Biermann and E. A. Stepanov, arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)



# Variational optimisation

Action construction of the extended Hubbard model:

$$\mathcal{S} = -\frac{1}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \nu, \sigma} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma}^* \mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma} + \frac{U}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{q}, \omega} n_{\mathbf{q}\omega\uparrow} n_{-\mathbf{q}, -\omega\downarrow} + \frac{1}{2\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{q}, \omega, \sigma\sigma'} V_{\mathbf{q}} n_{\mathbf{q}\omega\sigma} n_{-\mathbf{q}, -\omega\sigma'}$$

Inverse temperature  $\beta$     Number of sites  $N$     Inverse bare Green's function  $\mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} = i\nu + \mu - \epsilon_{\mathbf{k}}$

Bare dispersion  $\epsilon_{\mathbf{k}} = -2t(\cos k_x + \cos k_y)$     Chemical potential  $\mu$     Non-local interaction  $V_{\mathbf{q}} = 2V(\cos q_x + \cos q_y)$

---

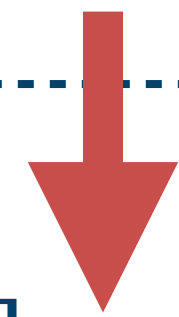
# Variational optimisation

Action construction of the extended Hubbard model:

$$\mathcal{S} = -\frac{1}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \nu, \sigma} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma}^* \mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma} + \frac{U}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{q}, \omega} n_{\mathbf{q}\omega\uparrow} n_{-\mathbf{q}, -\omega\downarrow} + \frac{1}{2\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{q}, \omega, \sigma\sigma'} V_{\mathbf{q}} n_{\mathbf{q}\omega\sigma} n_{-\mathbf{q}, -\omega\sigma'}$$

Inverse temperature  $\beta$     Number of sites  $N$     Inverse bare Green's function  $\mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} = i\nu + \mu - \epsilon_{\mathbf{k}}$

Bare dispersion  $\epsilon_{\mathbf{k}} = -2t(\cos k_x + \cos k_y)$     Chemical potential  $\mu$     Non-local interaction  $V_{\mathbf{q}} = 2V(\cos q_x + \cos q_y)$



Multi-channel fluctuating field trial action:

$$\mathcal{S}^* = -\frac{1}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \nu, \sigma} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma}^* \mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma} + \sum_{\mathbf{Q}, \zeta} \left[ \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\zeta} n_{-\mathbf{Q}}^{\zeta} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\beta N}{J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\zeta}} \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\zeta} \phi_{-\mathbf{Q}}^{\zeta} \right]$$

CDW = Charge density wave  
 AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
 s-SC = s-wave superconductivity  
 PS = Phase separation

Collective CDW/AFM/s-SC fluctuations are incorporated with  $\zeta = c/s/s - SC$  [ $c =$  charge,  $s =$  spin,  $s - SC = s$ -wave SC] for a given ordering vector  $\mathbf{Q}$  [e.g.  $\mathbf{M} = (\pi, \pi)$  for CDW, AFM and s-SC, and  $\mathbf{\Gamma} = (0,0)$  for PS]

- Stiffness parameters  $J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\zeta}$  are determined by a variational principle:  $J_{\mathbf{M}}^c = U/2 - 4V$ ,  $J_{\mathbf{M}}^s = -U/2$ ,  $J_{\mathbf{M}}^{s-SC} = U/2$ ,  $J_{\mathbf{\Gamma}}^c = U/2 - 4V$
- Simplified action allows for a numerically exact treatment without any explicit symmetry breaking
- Collective fluctuations are studied through a free energy construction, allowing to distinguish stable and metastable states

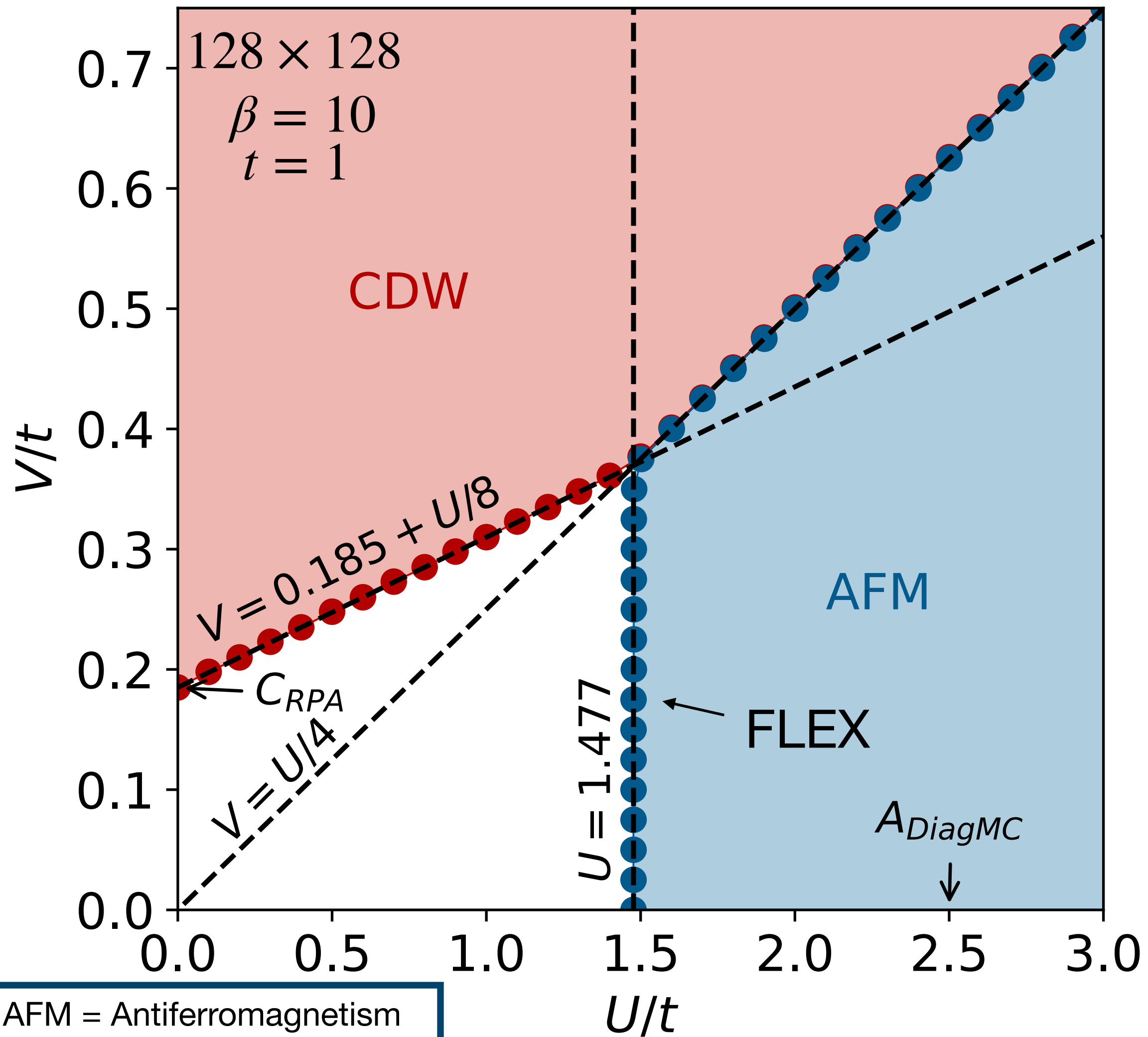
**Phase diagram of the extended Hubbard model  
with repulsive local  $U$  interaction  
and repulsive nearest-neighbour  $V$  interaction**



# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)

Local interaction :  $U$   
Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



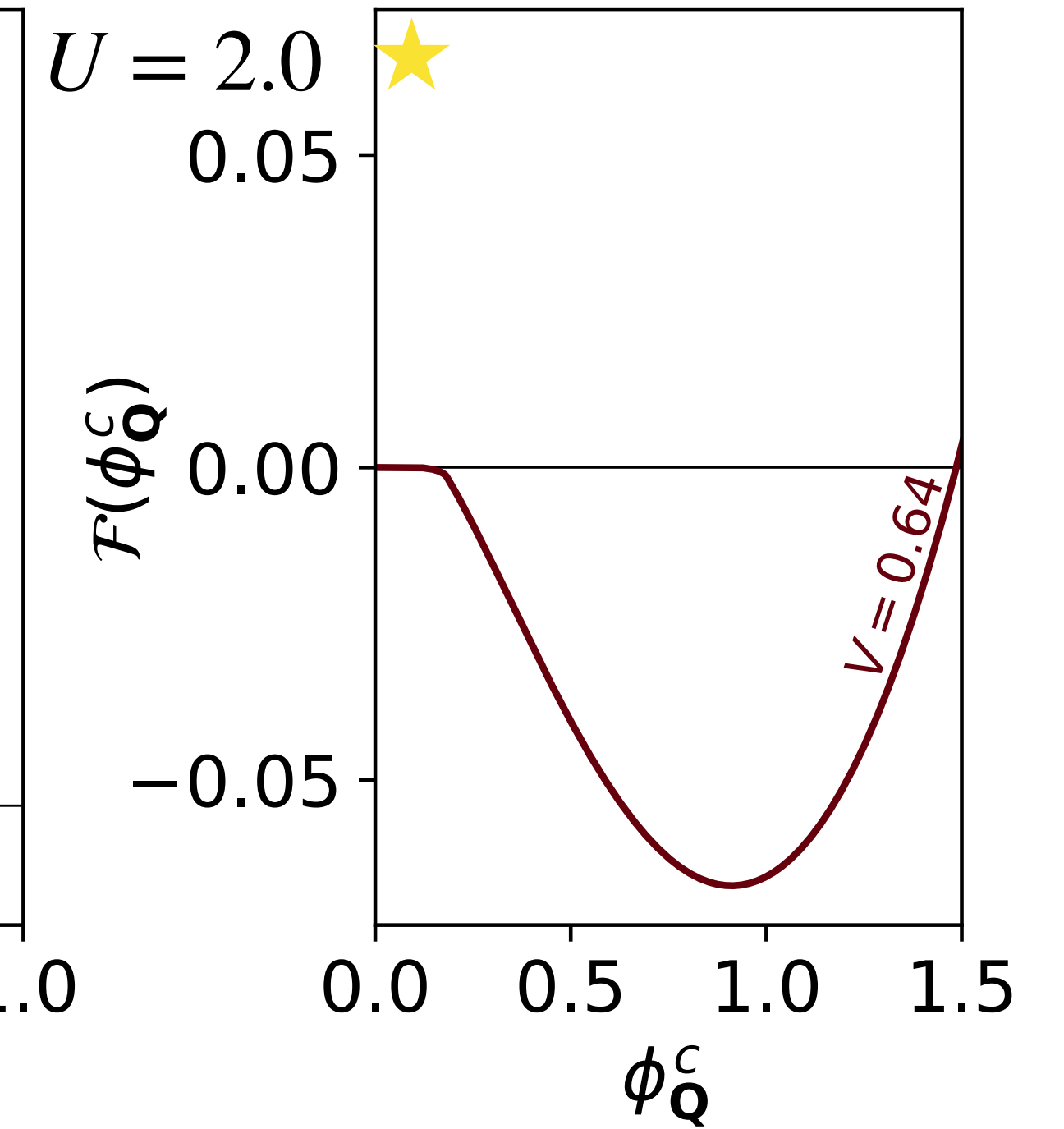
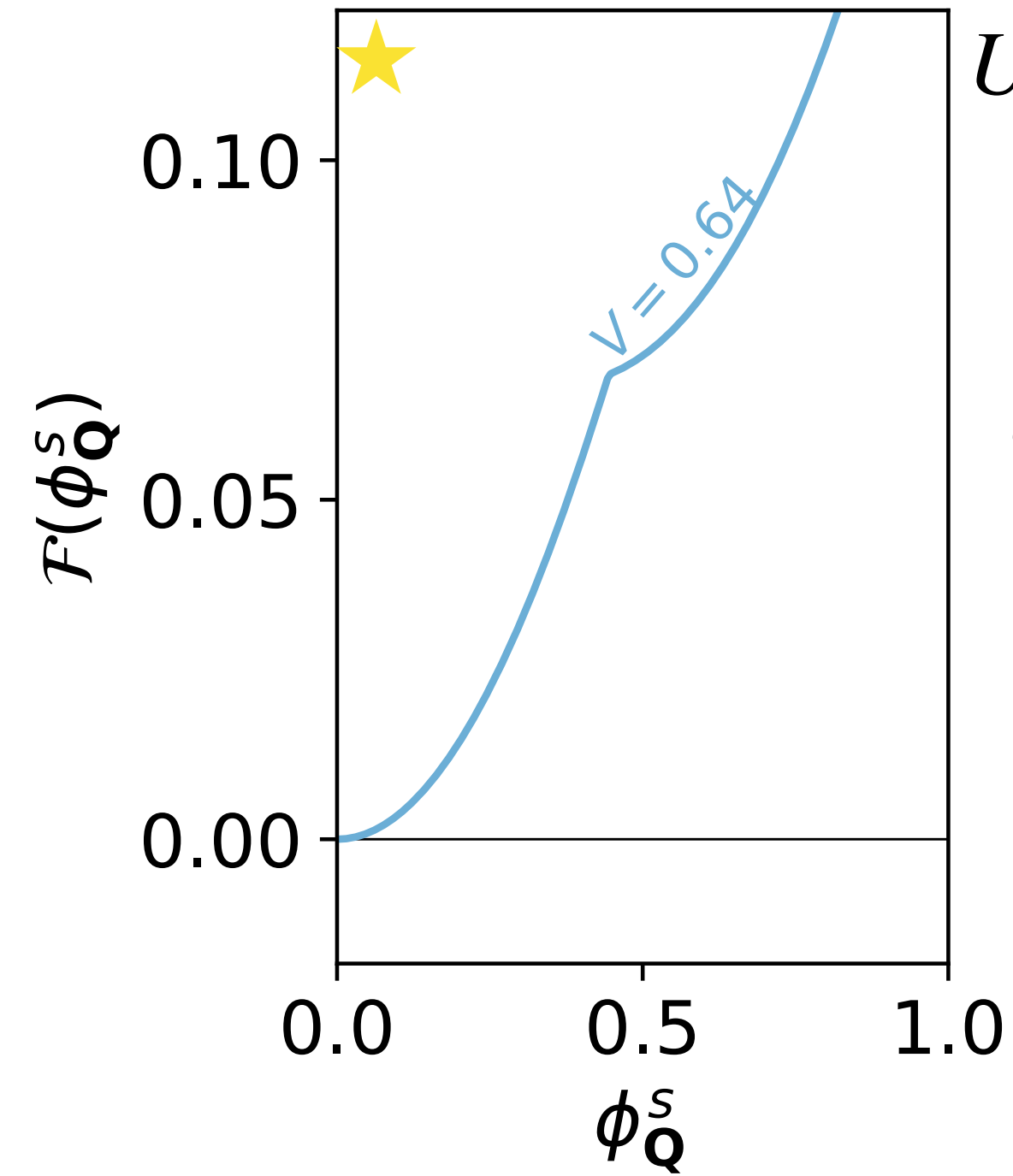
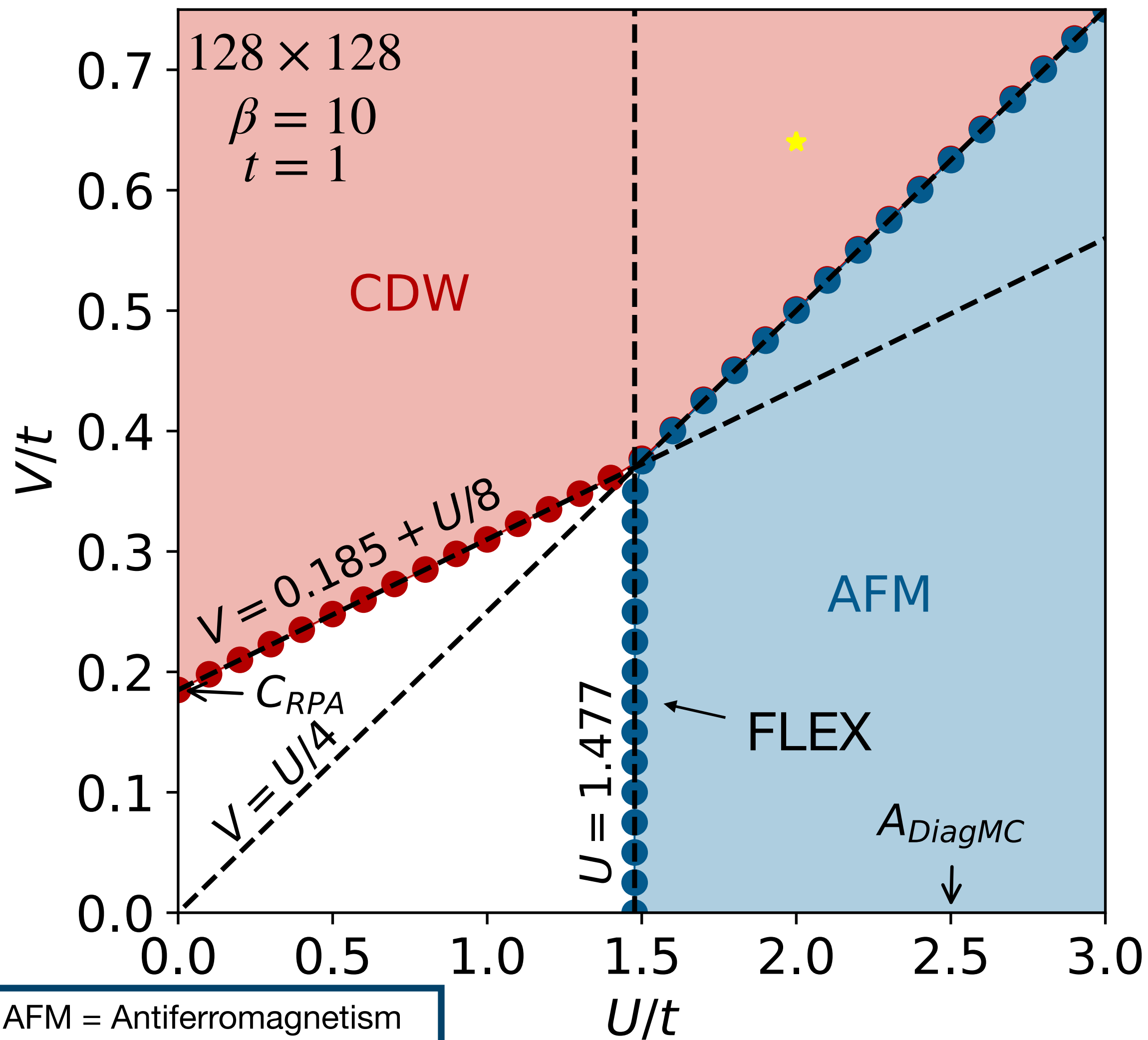
AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
CDW = Charge density wave  
MS = Metastable  
FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)

Local interaction :  $U$   
Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



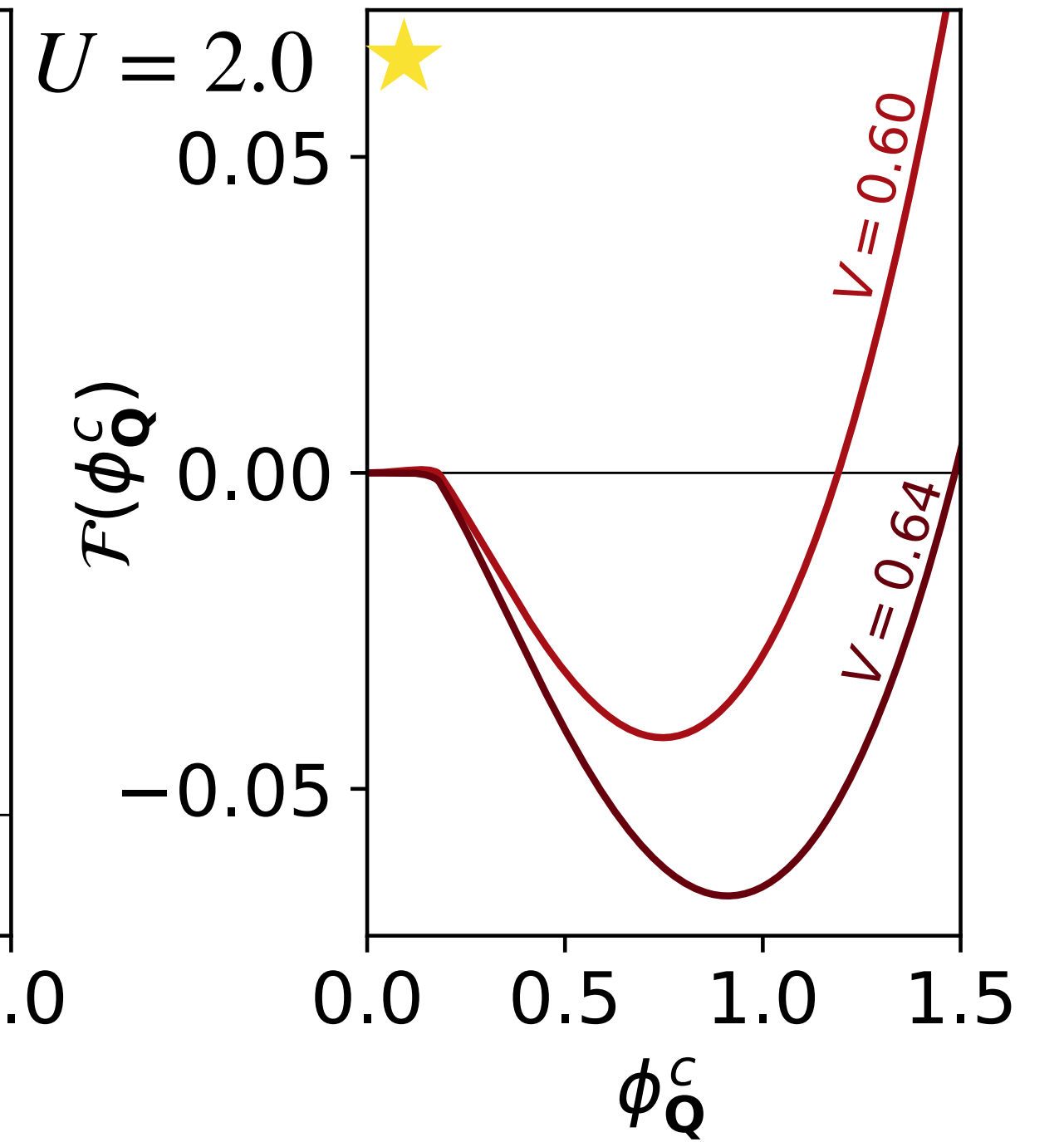
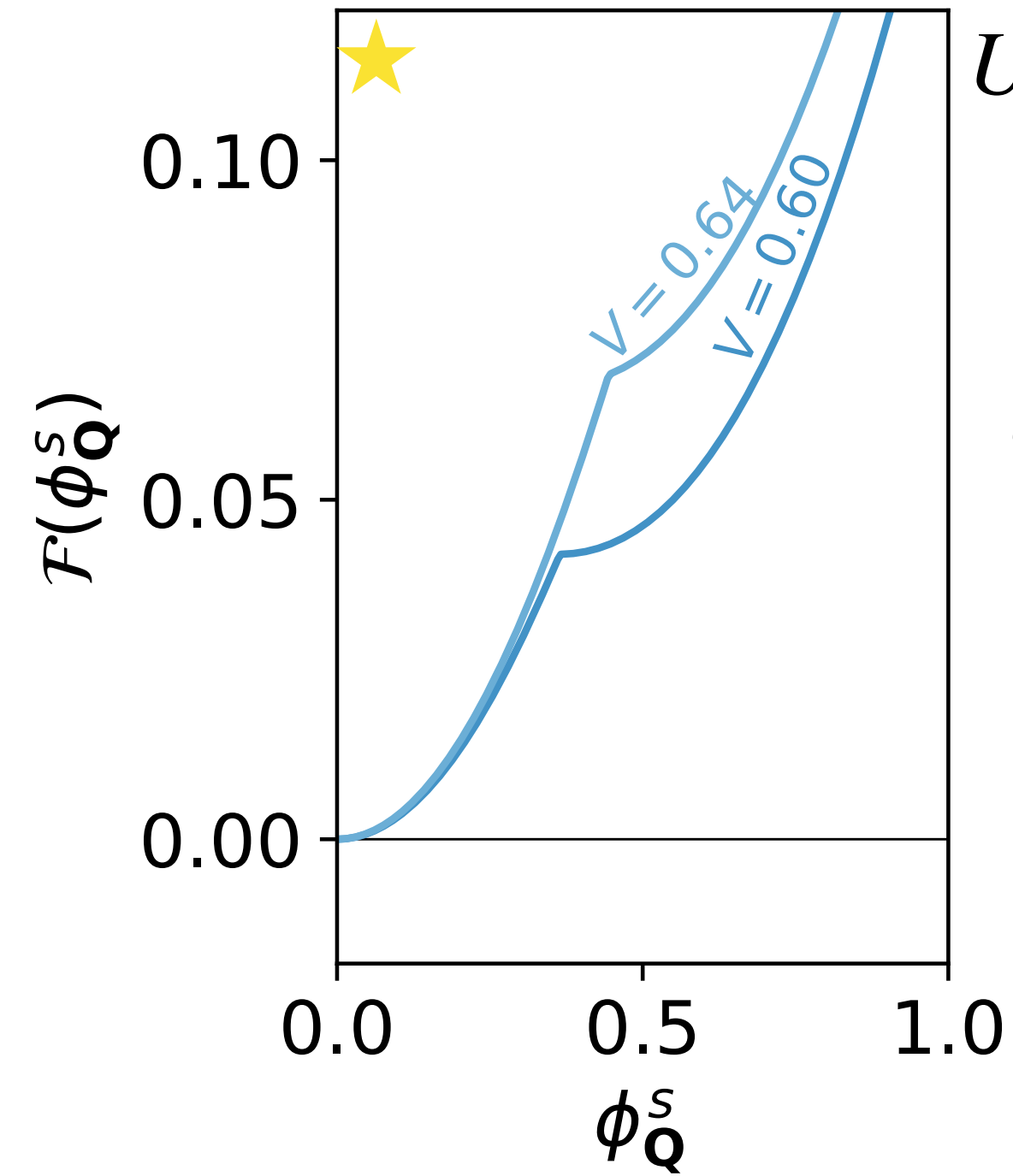
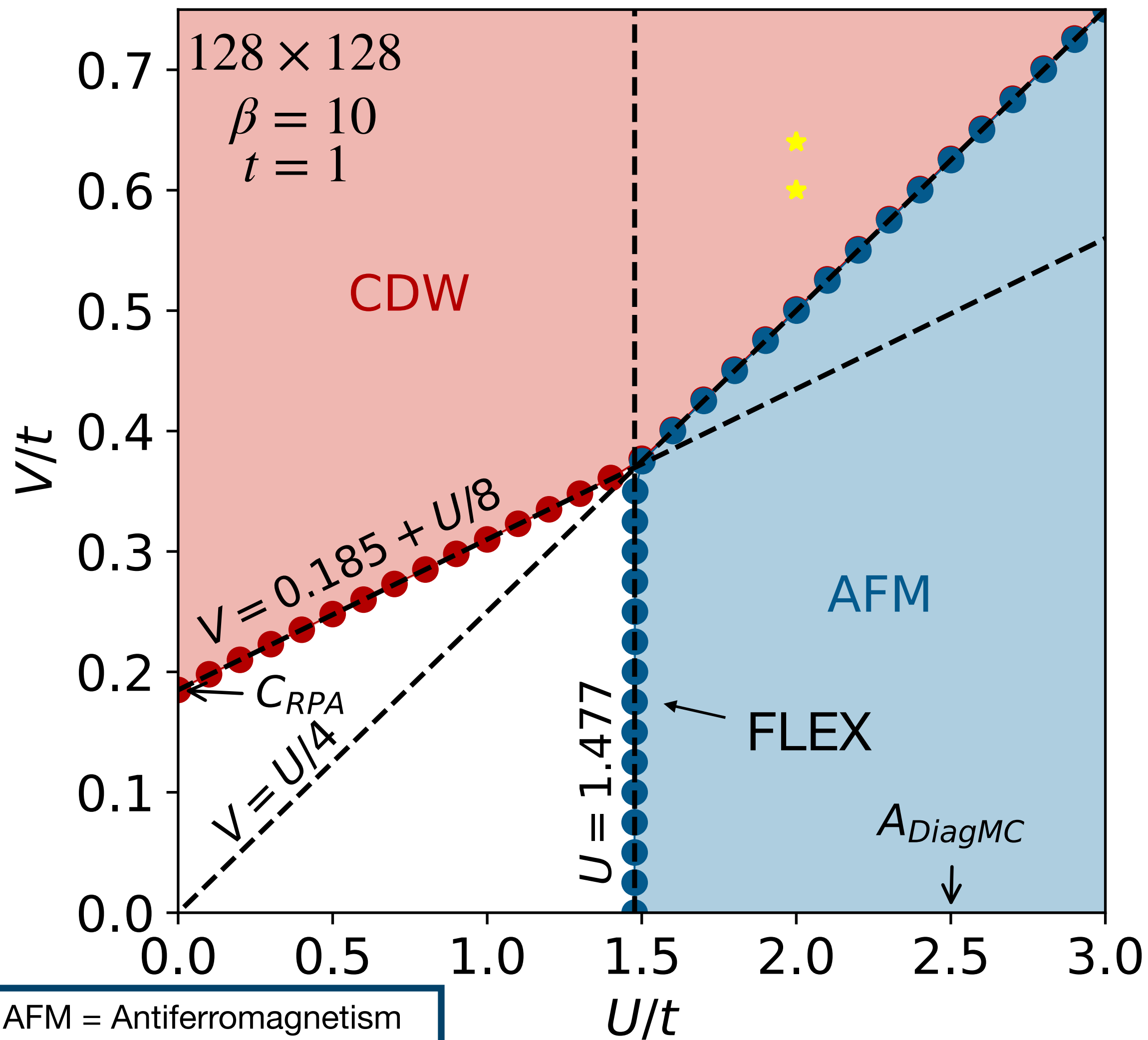
AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
CDW = Charge density wave  
MS = Metastable  
FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)

Local interaction :  $U$   
Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$

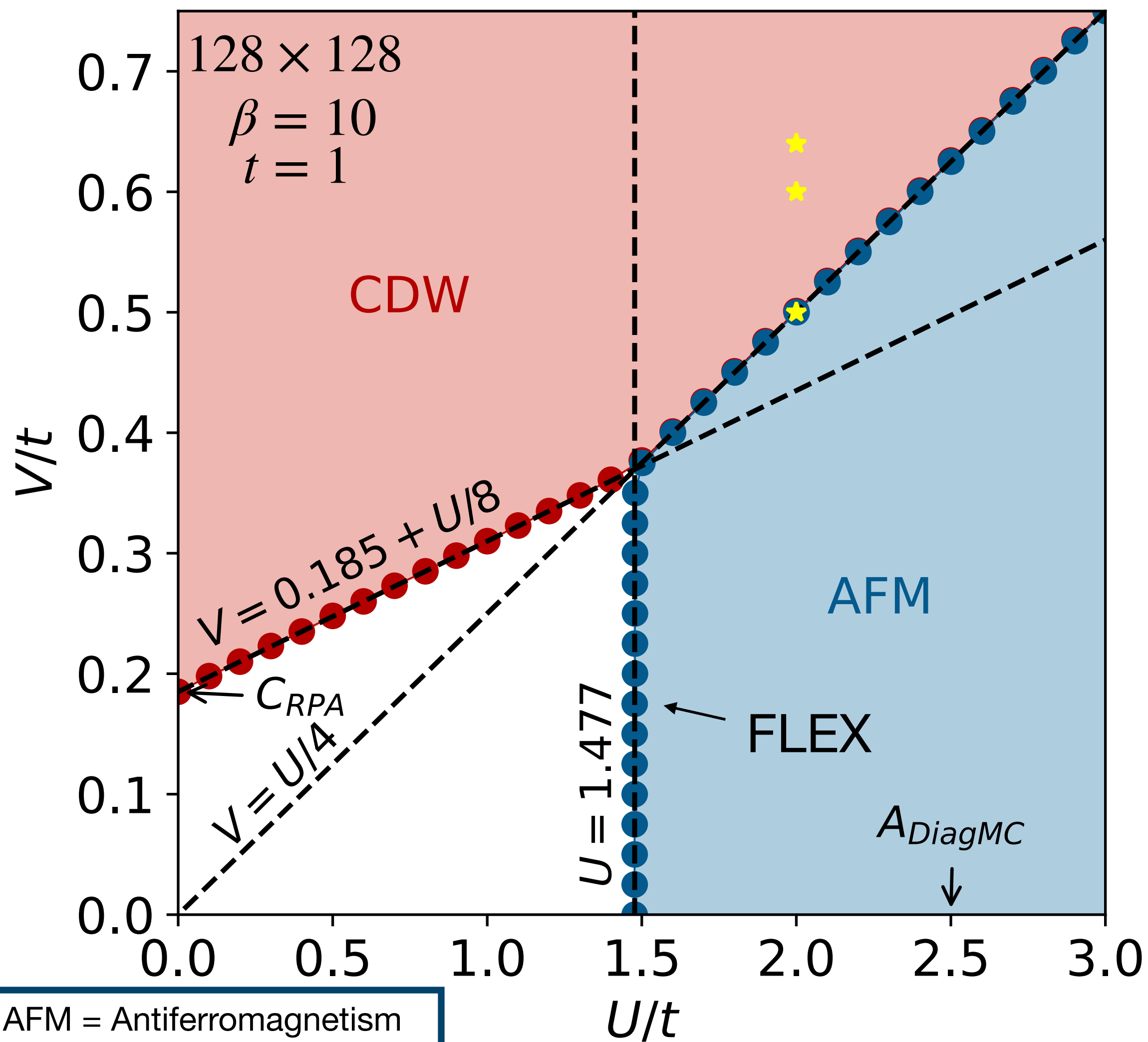


AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
CDW = Charge density wave  
MS = Metastable  
FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

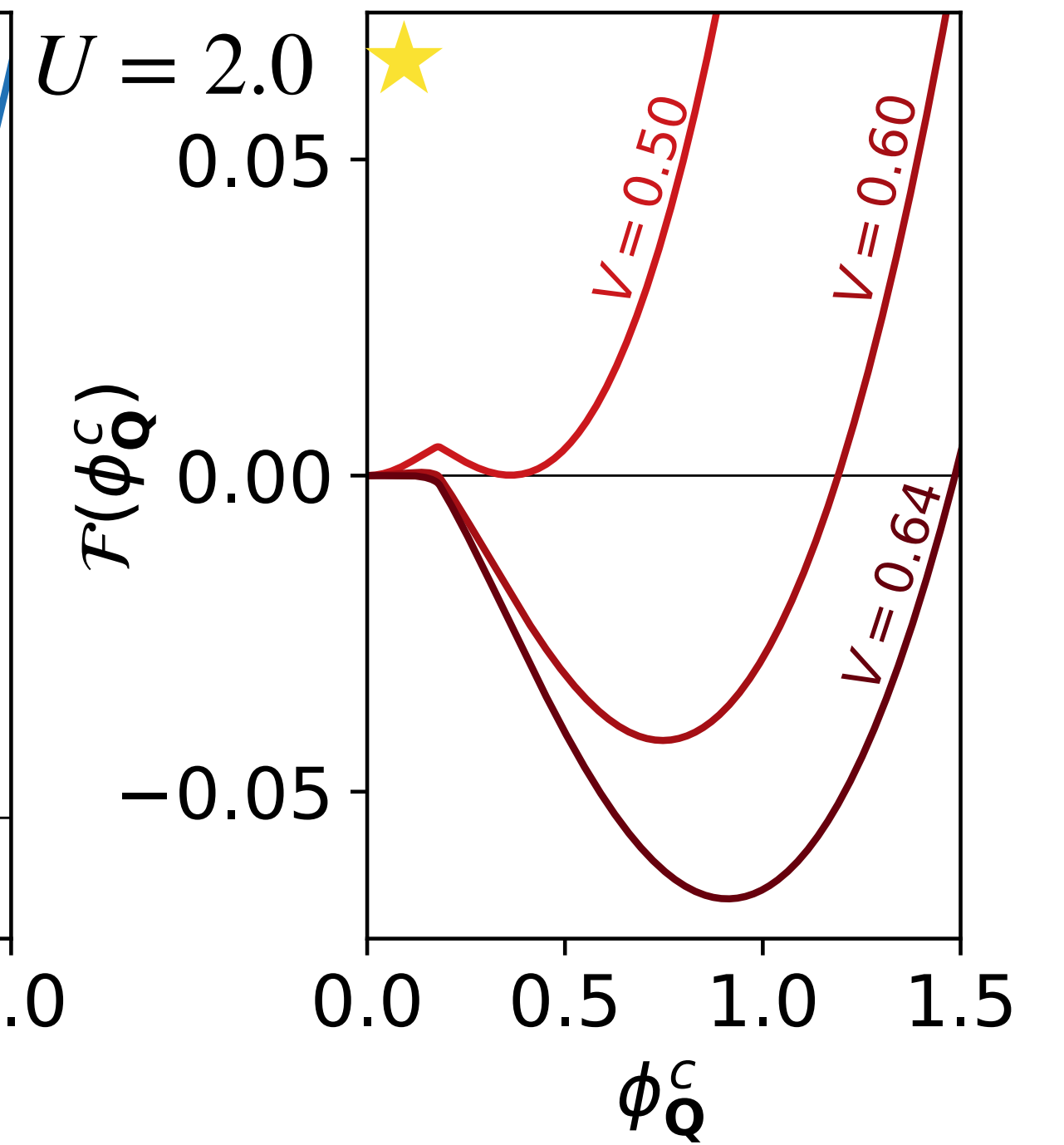
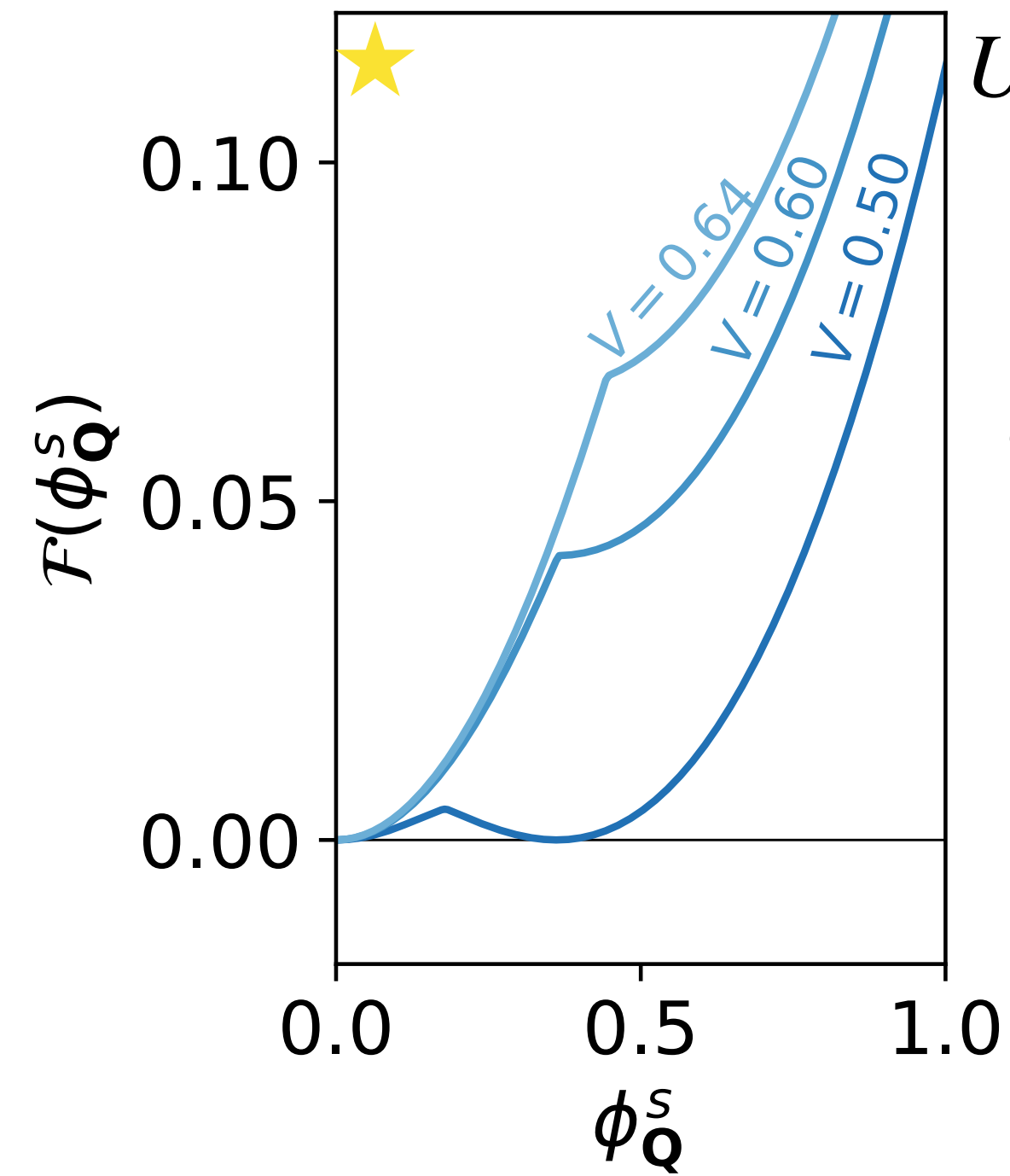
arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)



AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
 CDW = Charge density wave  
 MS = Metastable  
 FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

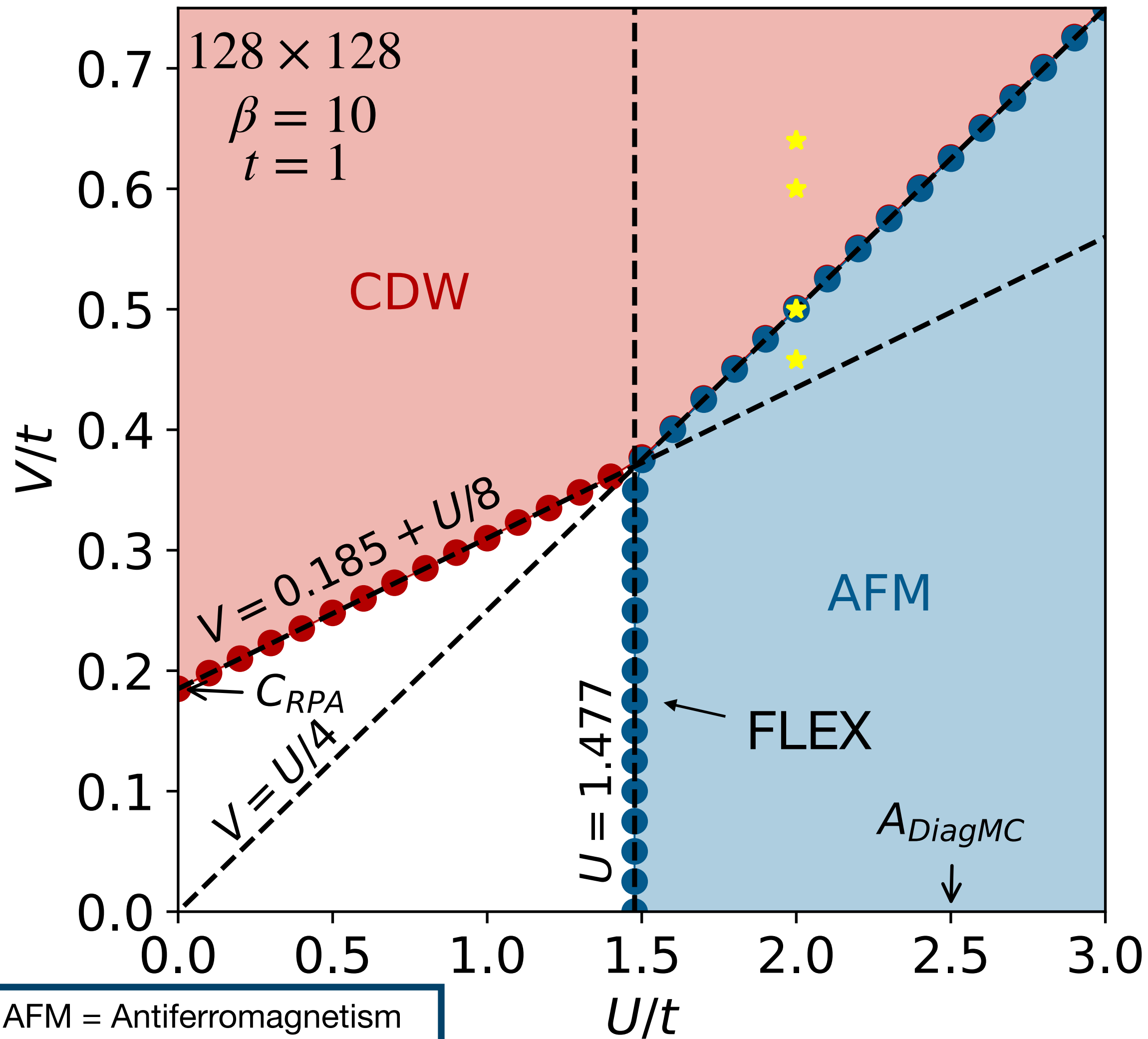
Local interaction :  $U$   
 Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$





# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

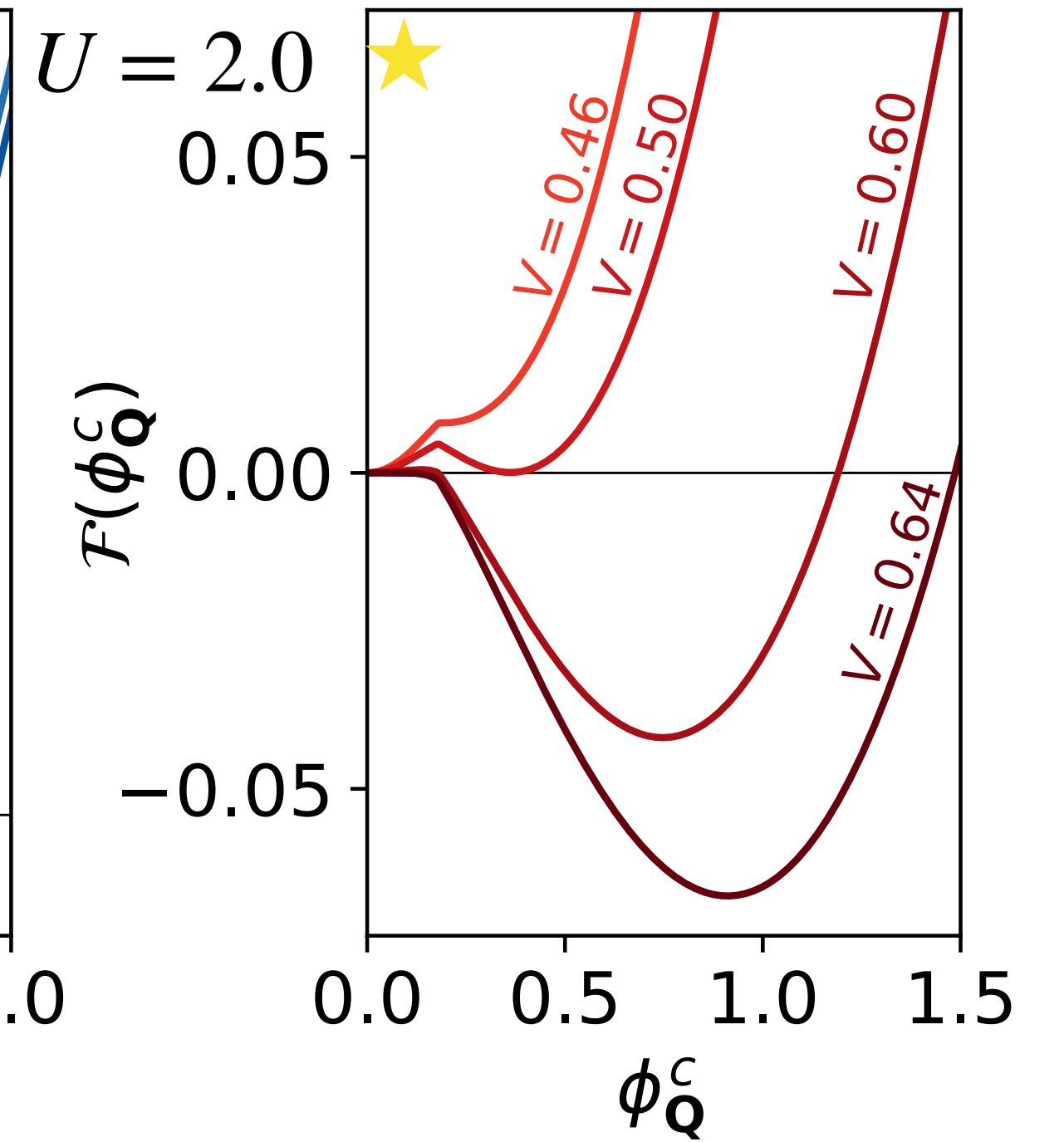
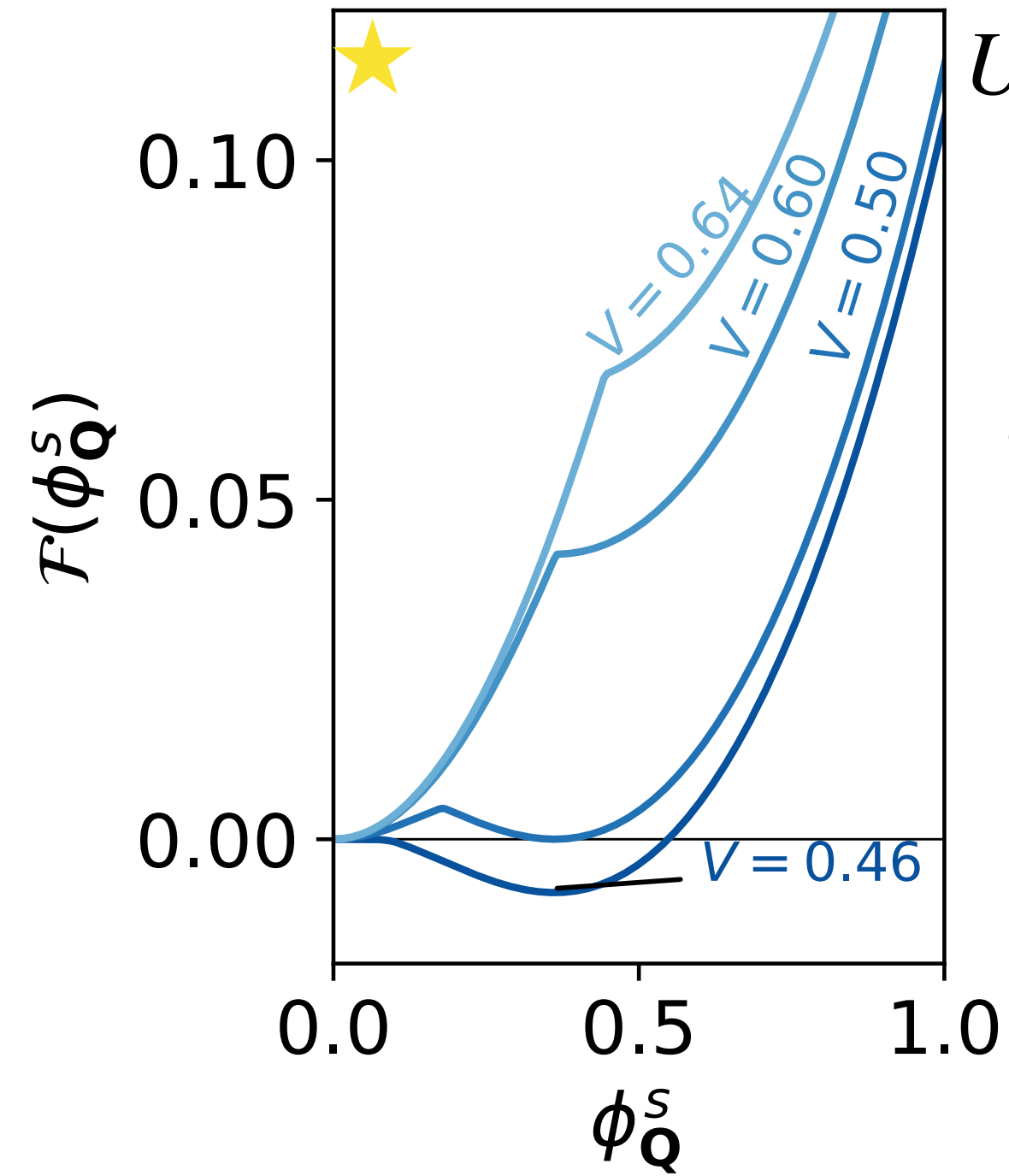
arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)



AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
 CDW = Charge density wave  
 MS = Metastable  
 FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

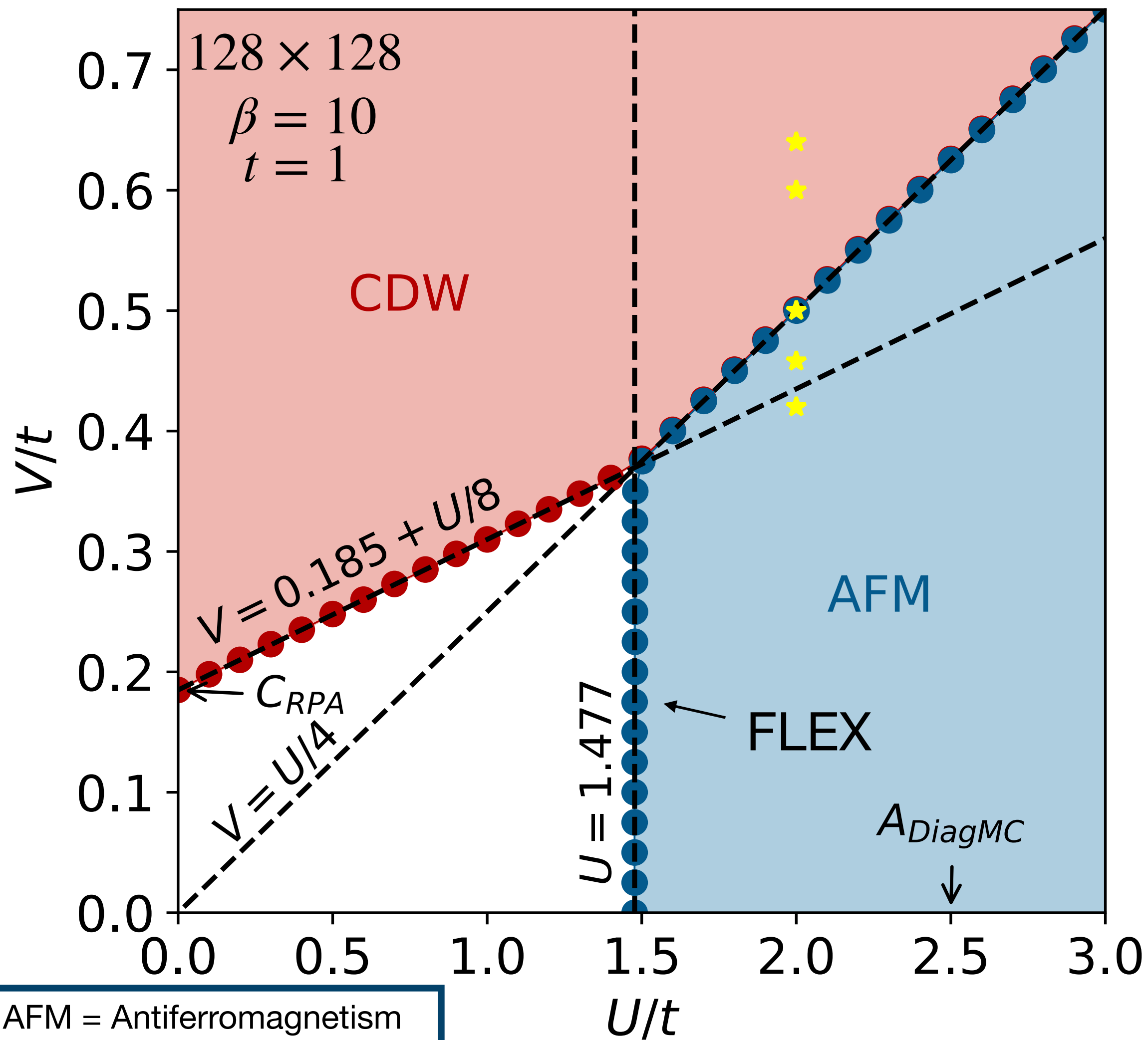
$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

Local interaction :  $U$   
 Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

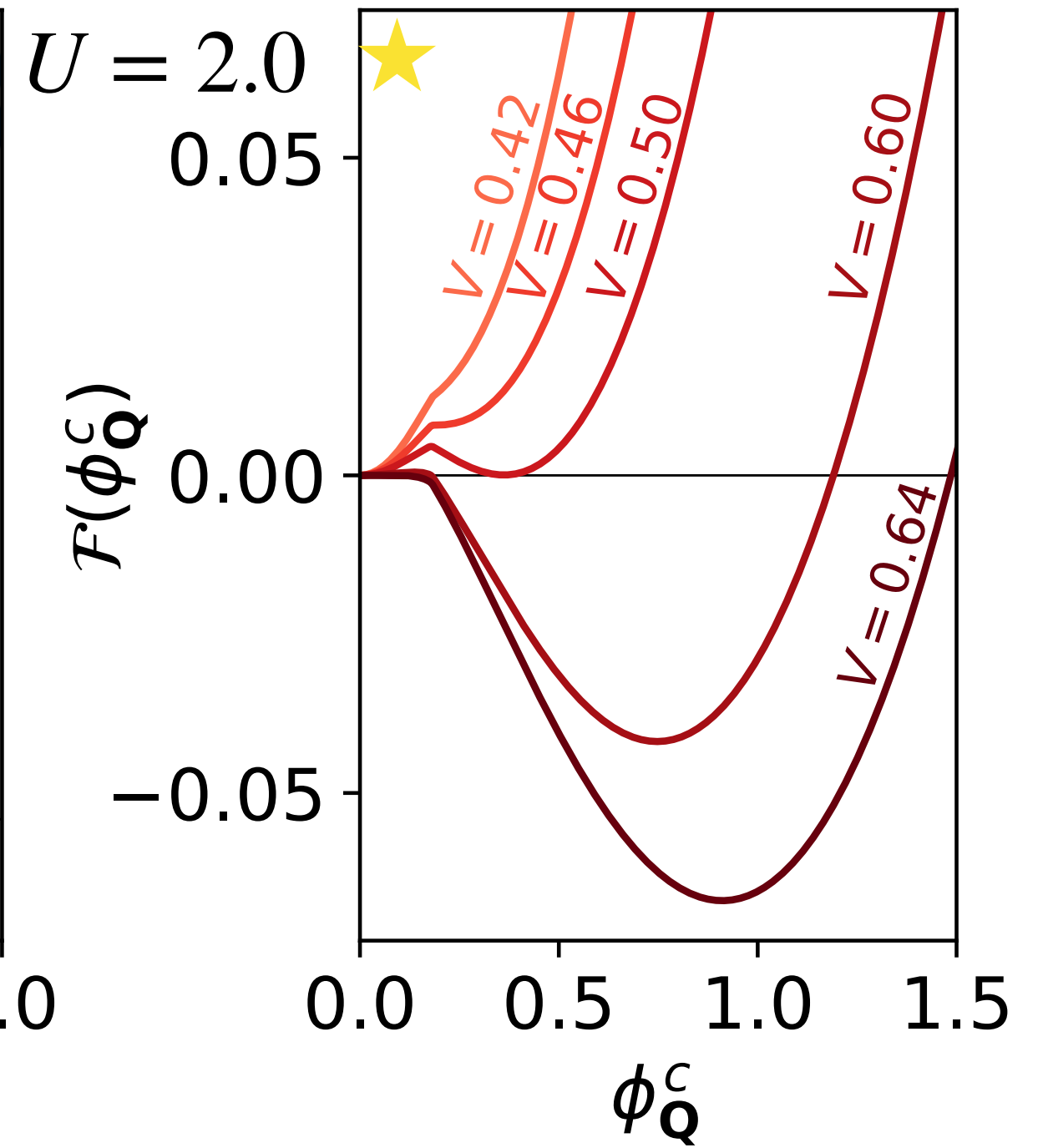
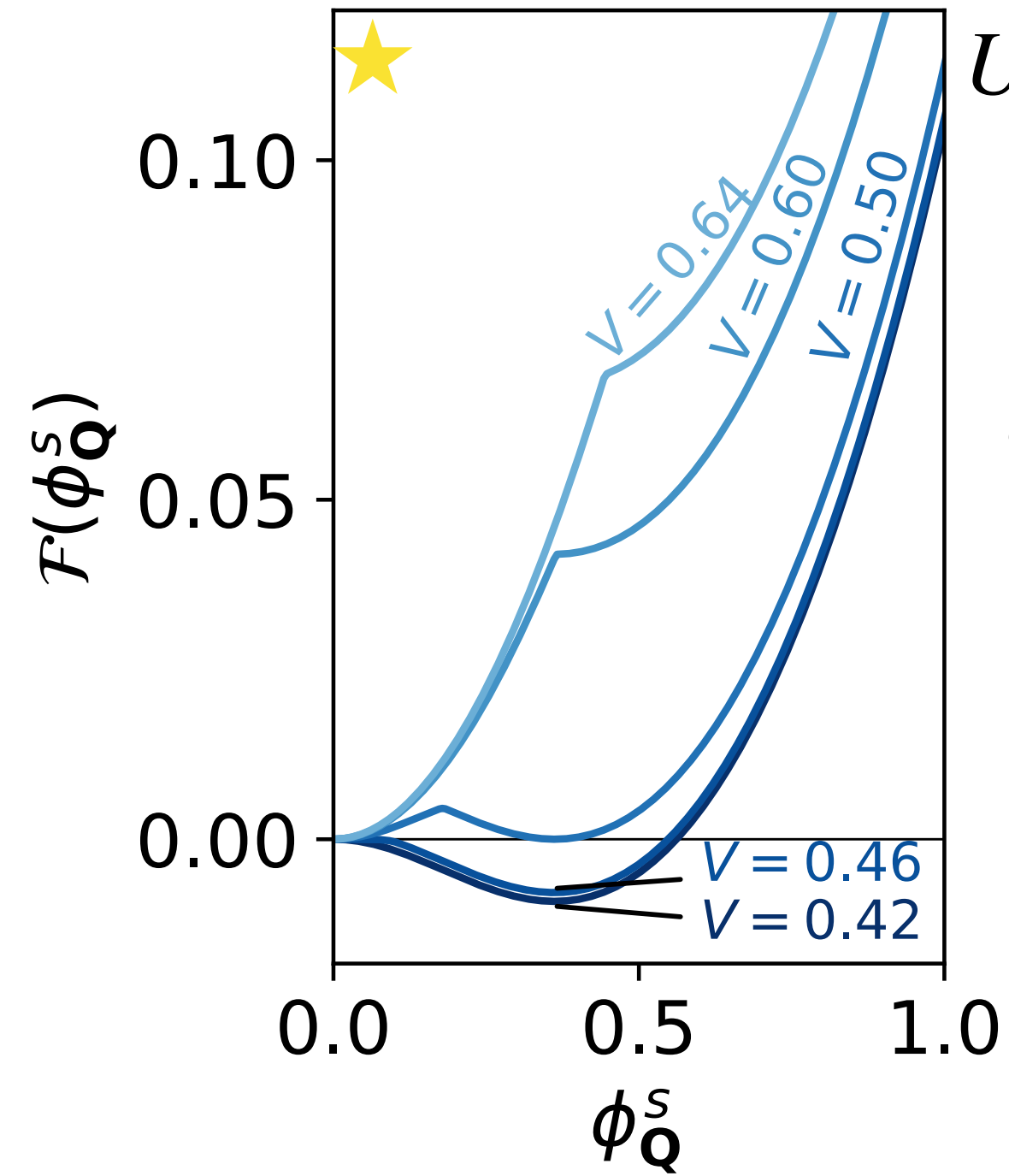
arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)



AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
 CDW = Charge density wave  
 MS = Metastable  
 FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

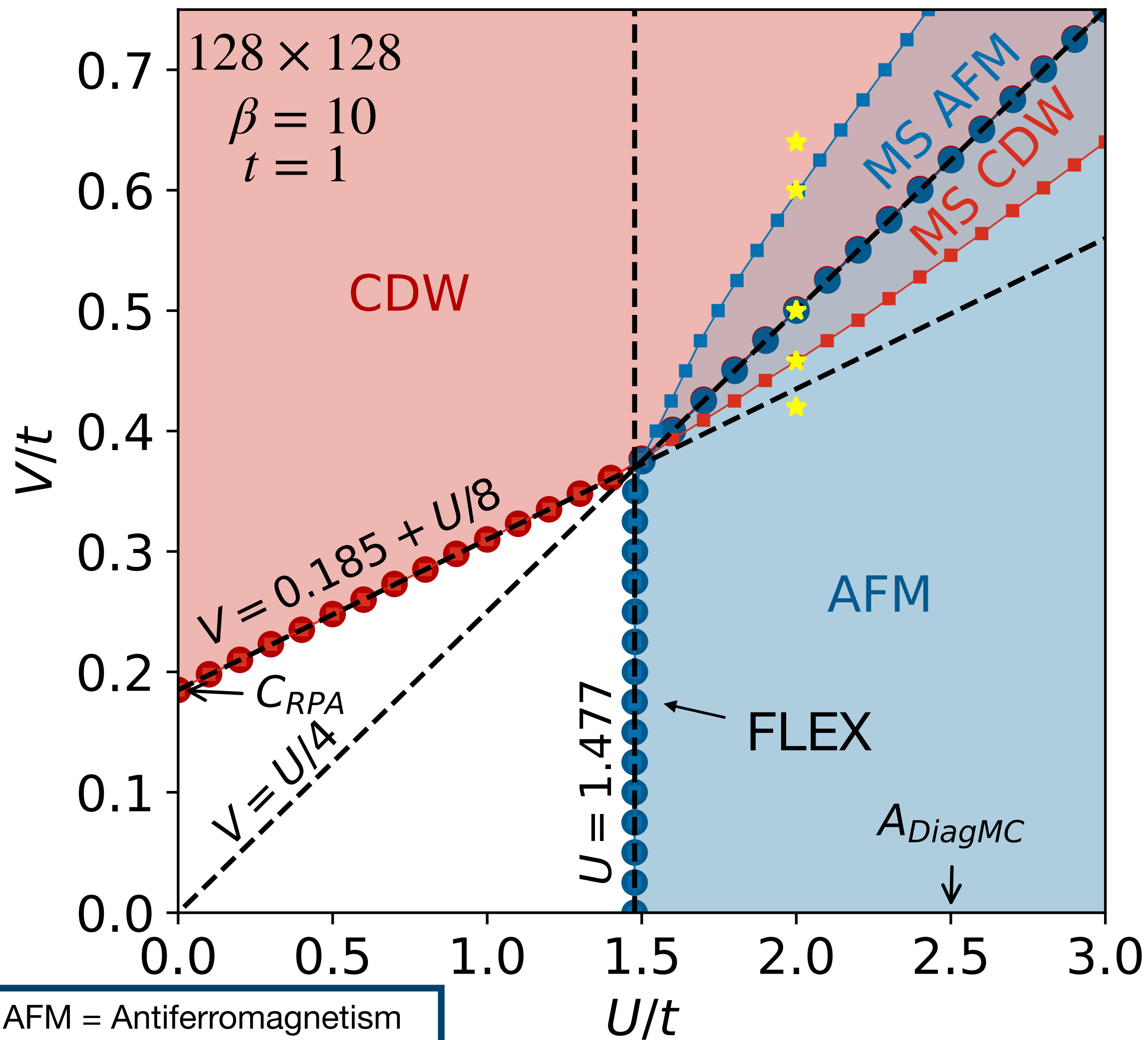
$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

Local interaction :  $U$   
 Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

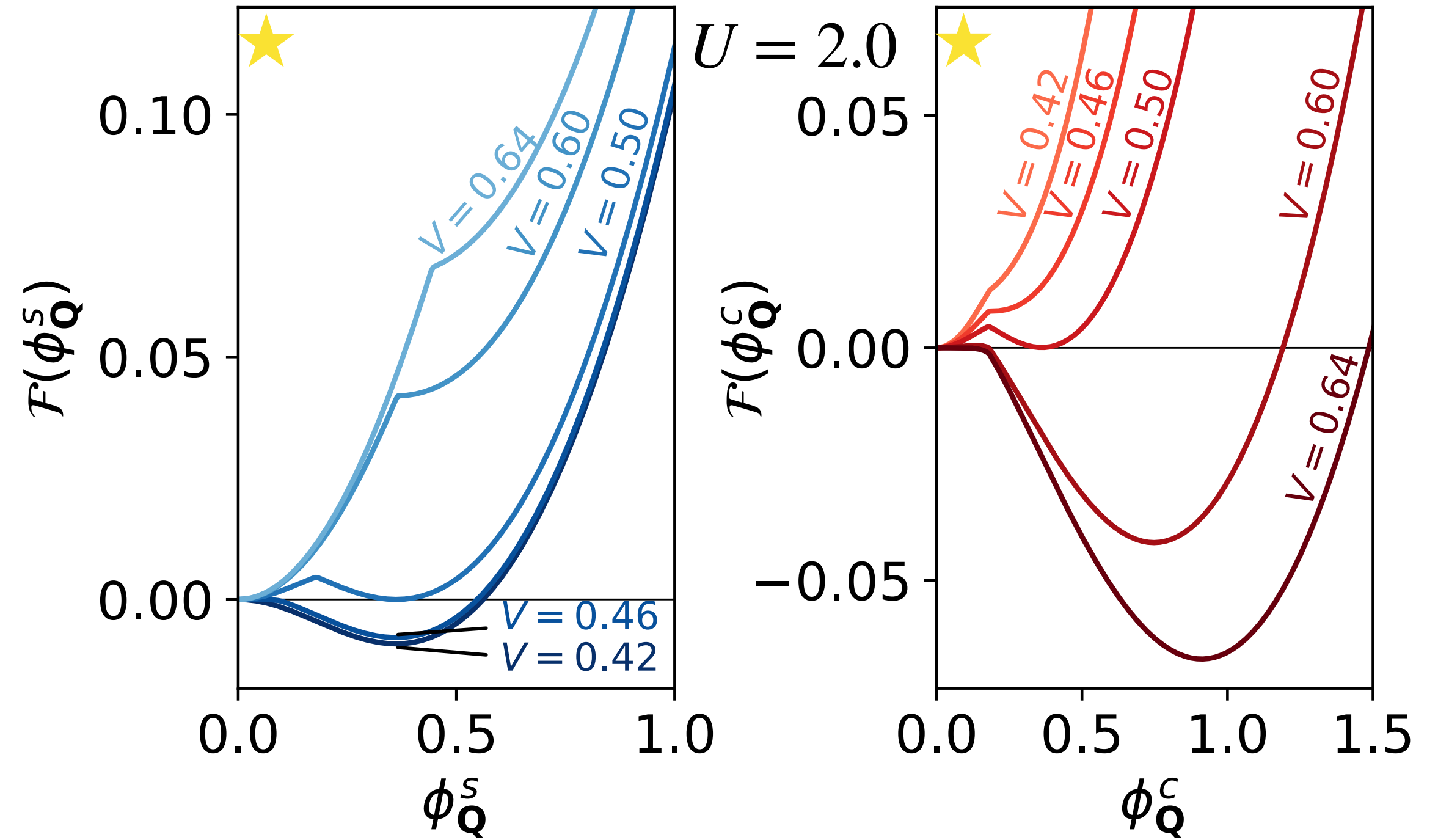
arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)



AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
 CDW = Charge density wave  
 MS = Metastable  
 FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

Local interaction :  $U$   
 Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



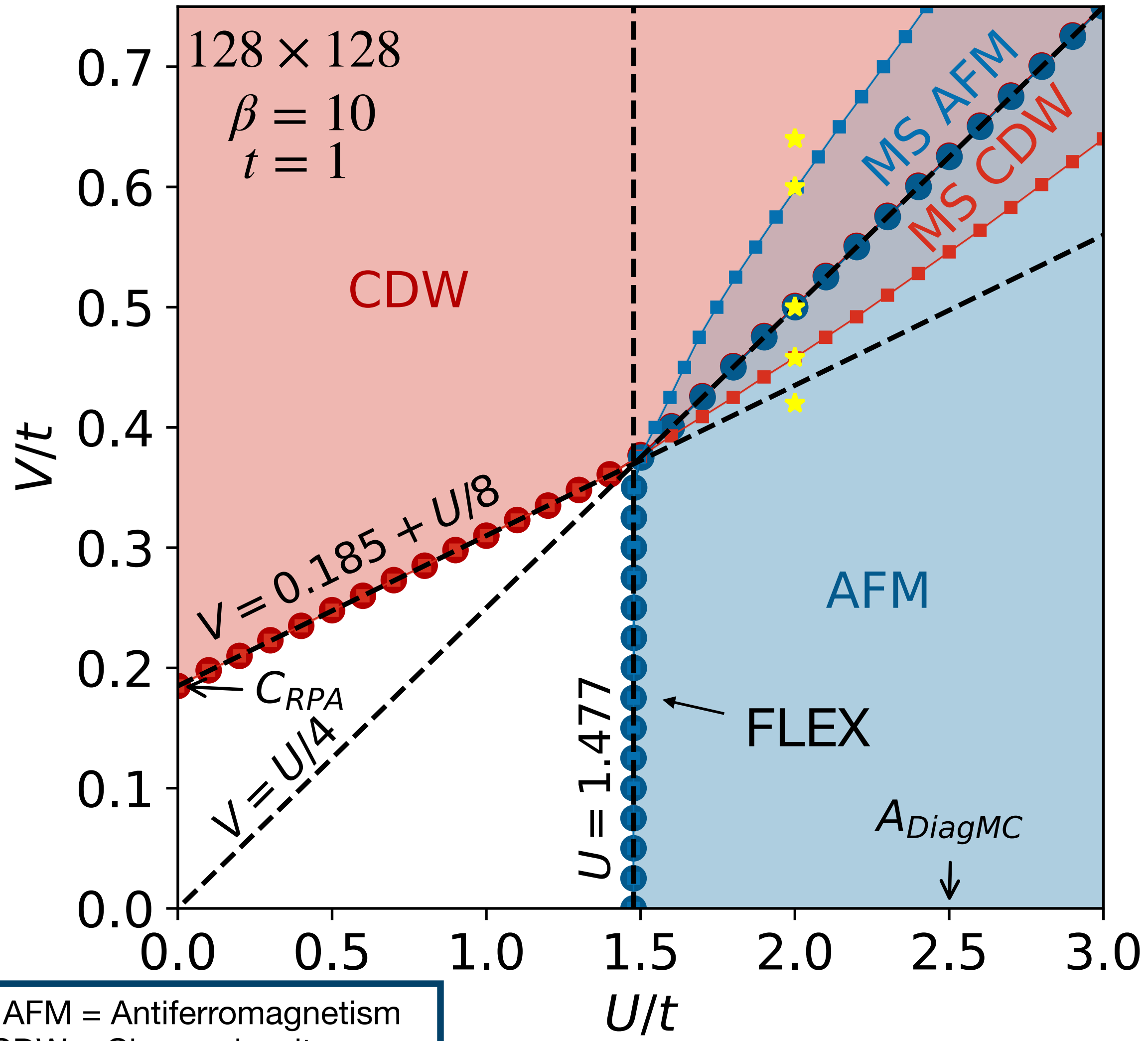
Region of metastability identified in qualitative agreement with coexistence observed in dynamical cluster approximation (DCA)

J. Paki, H. Terletska, and E. Gull, PRB 99, 245146 (2019)

# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram

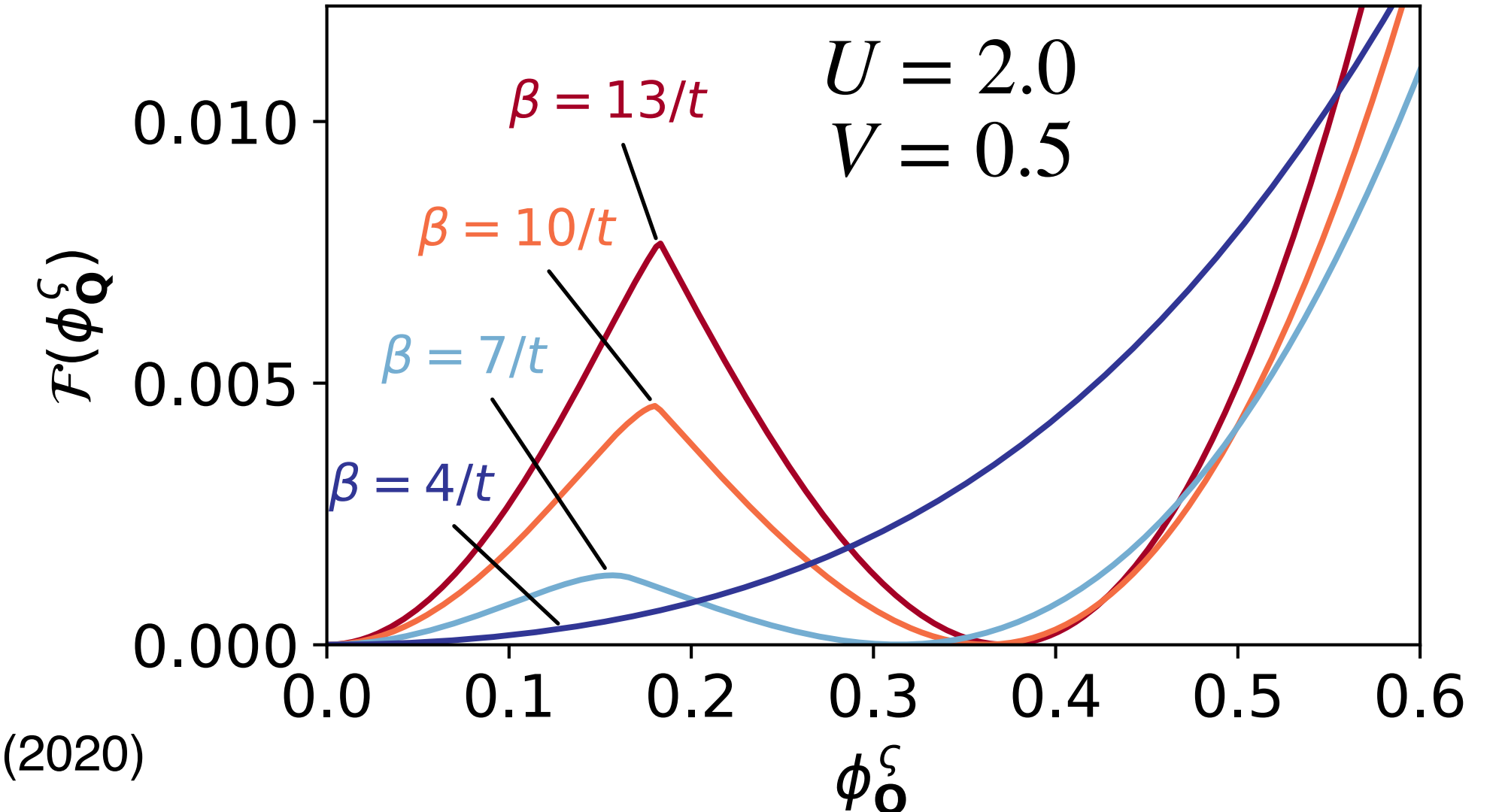
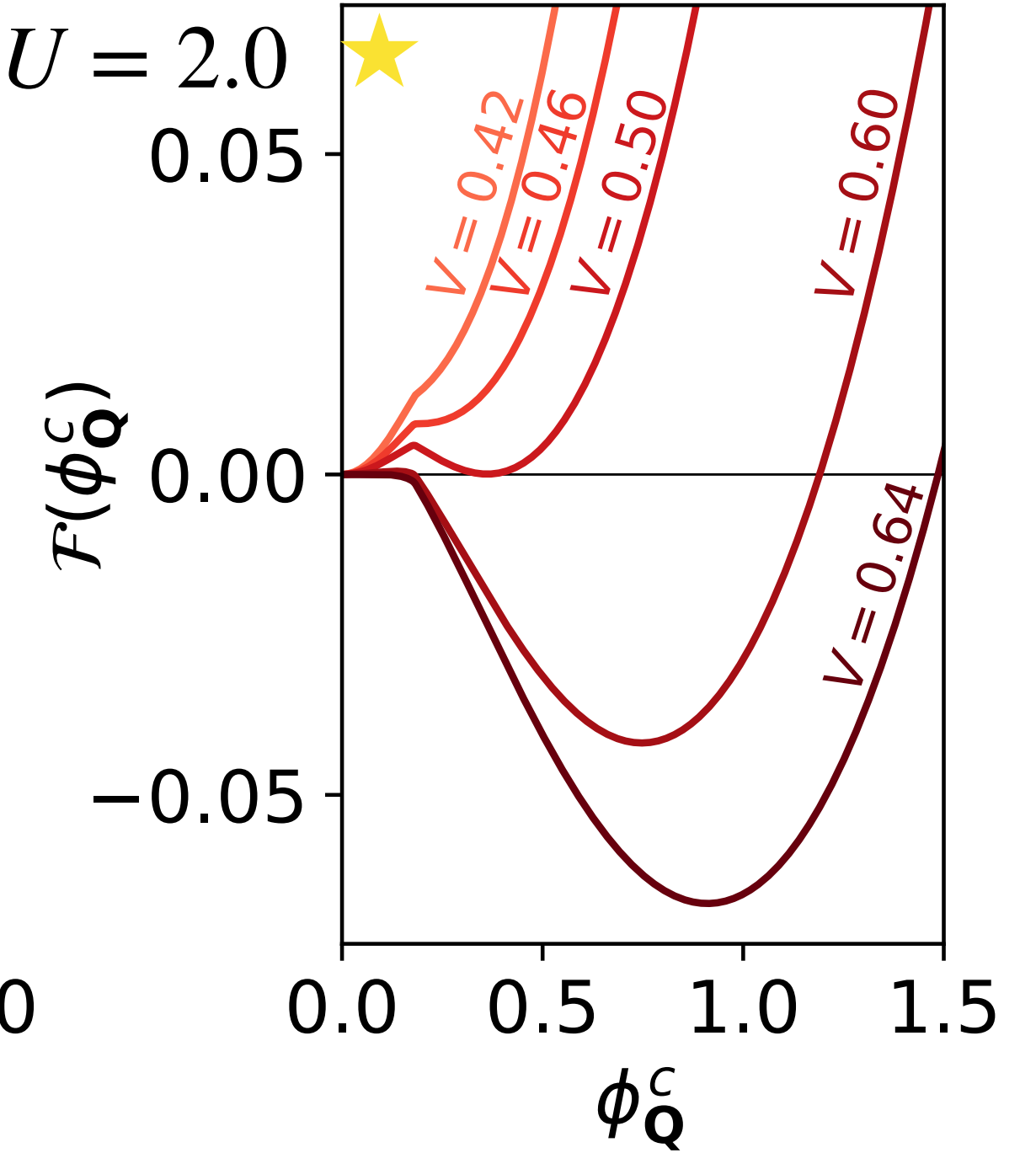
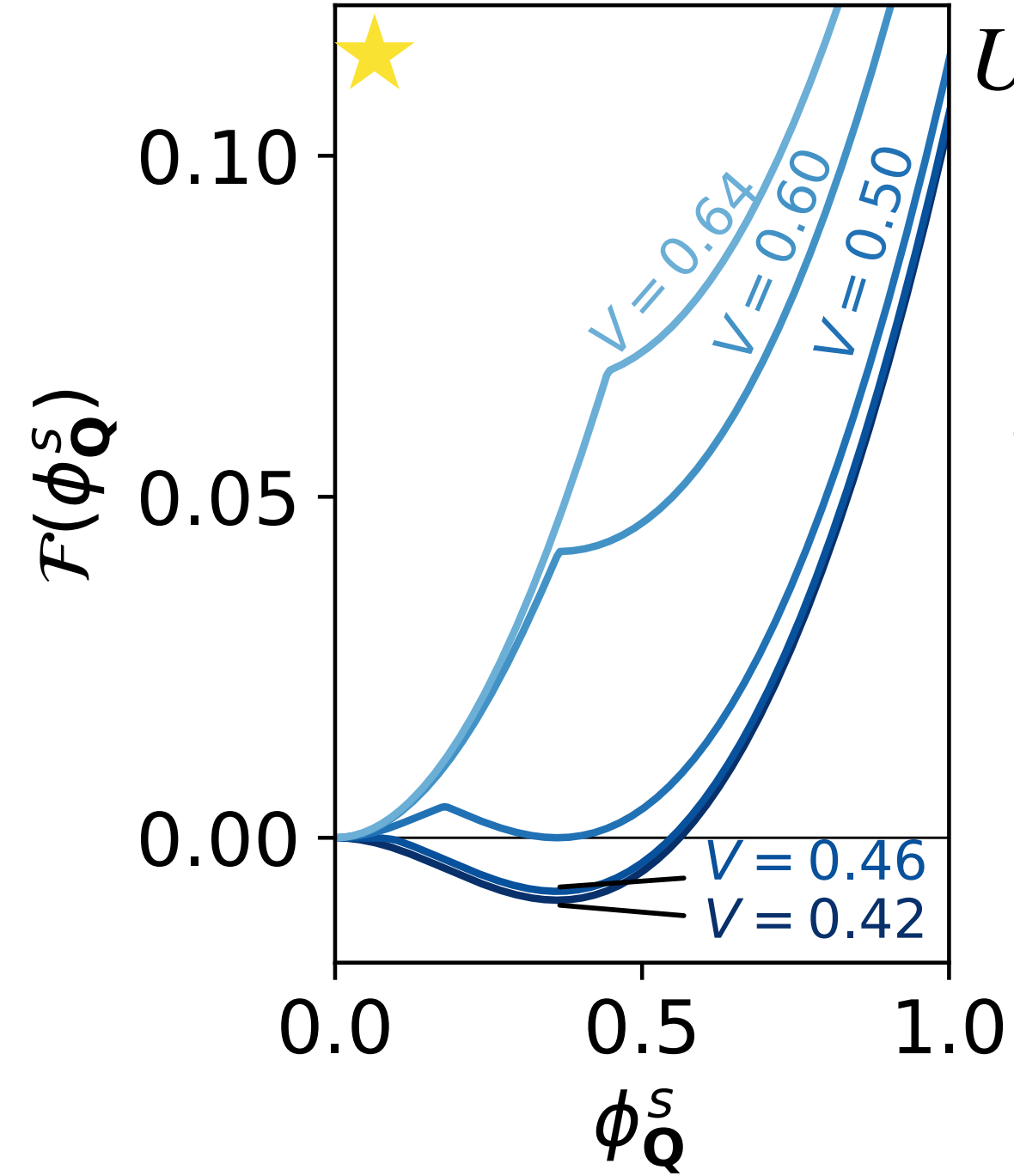
arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)

Local interaction :  $U$   
Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
CDW = Charge density wave  
MS = Metastable  
FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)



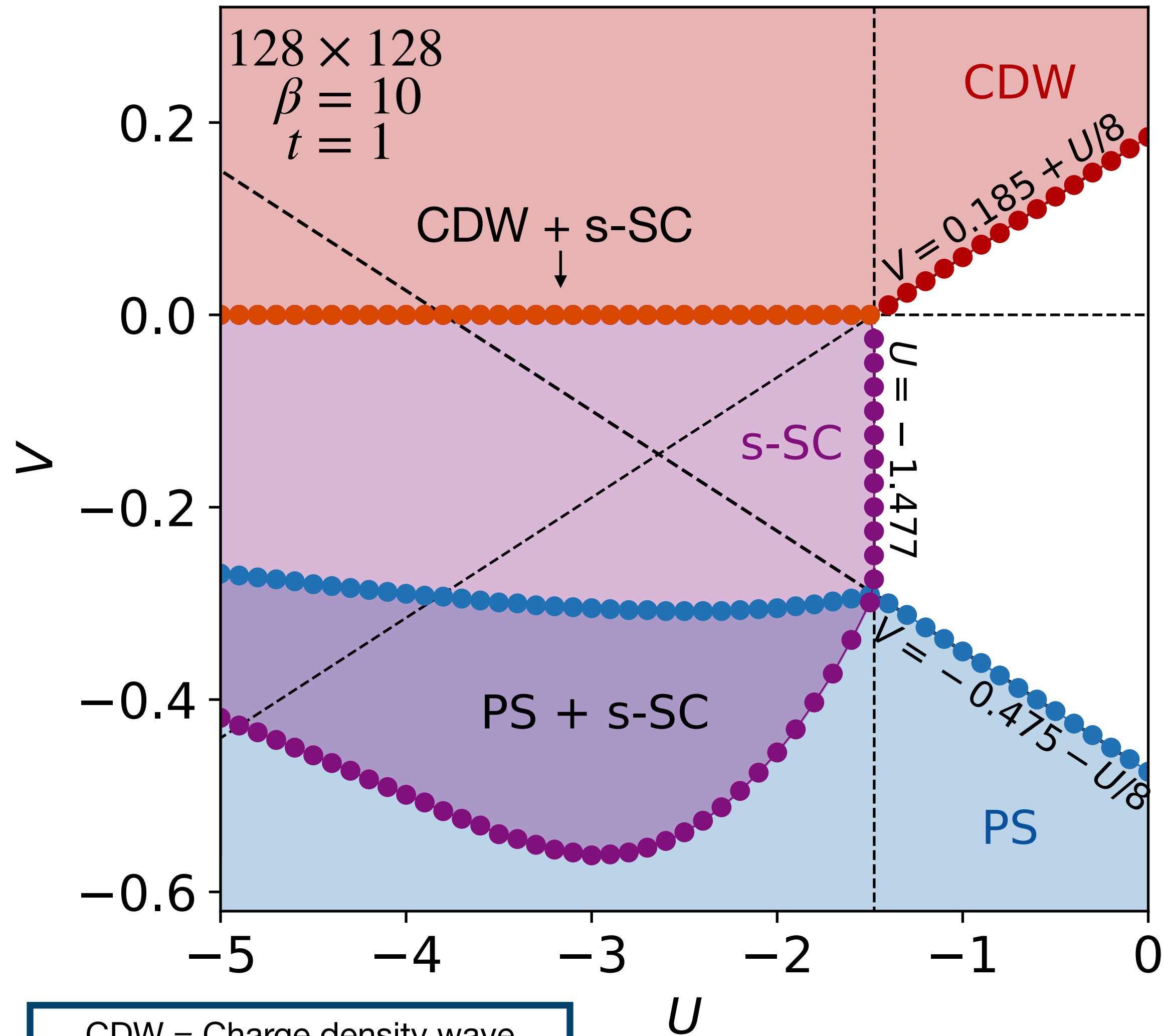


**Phase diagram of the extended Hubbard model  
with attractive local  $U$  interaction  
and repulsive/attractive next-nearest neighbour  $V$  interaction**

# $U < 0$ phase diagram

arXiv:2301.10755 (2023)

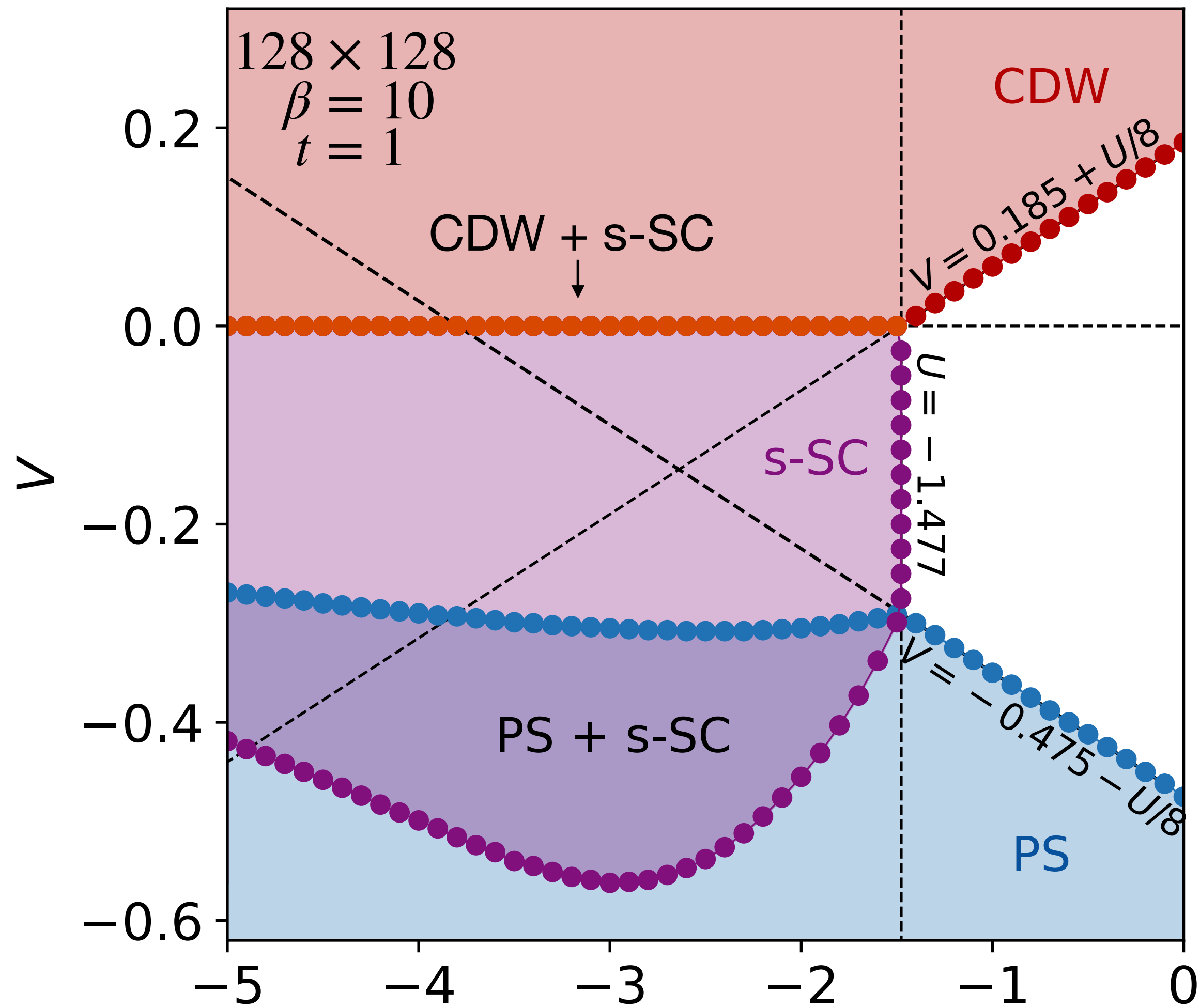
Local interaction :  $U$   
Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



CDW = Charge density wave  
s-SC = s-wave superconductivity  
PS = Phase separation

# $U < 0$ phase diagram

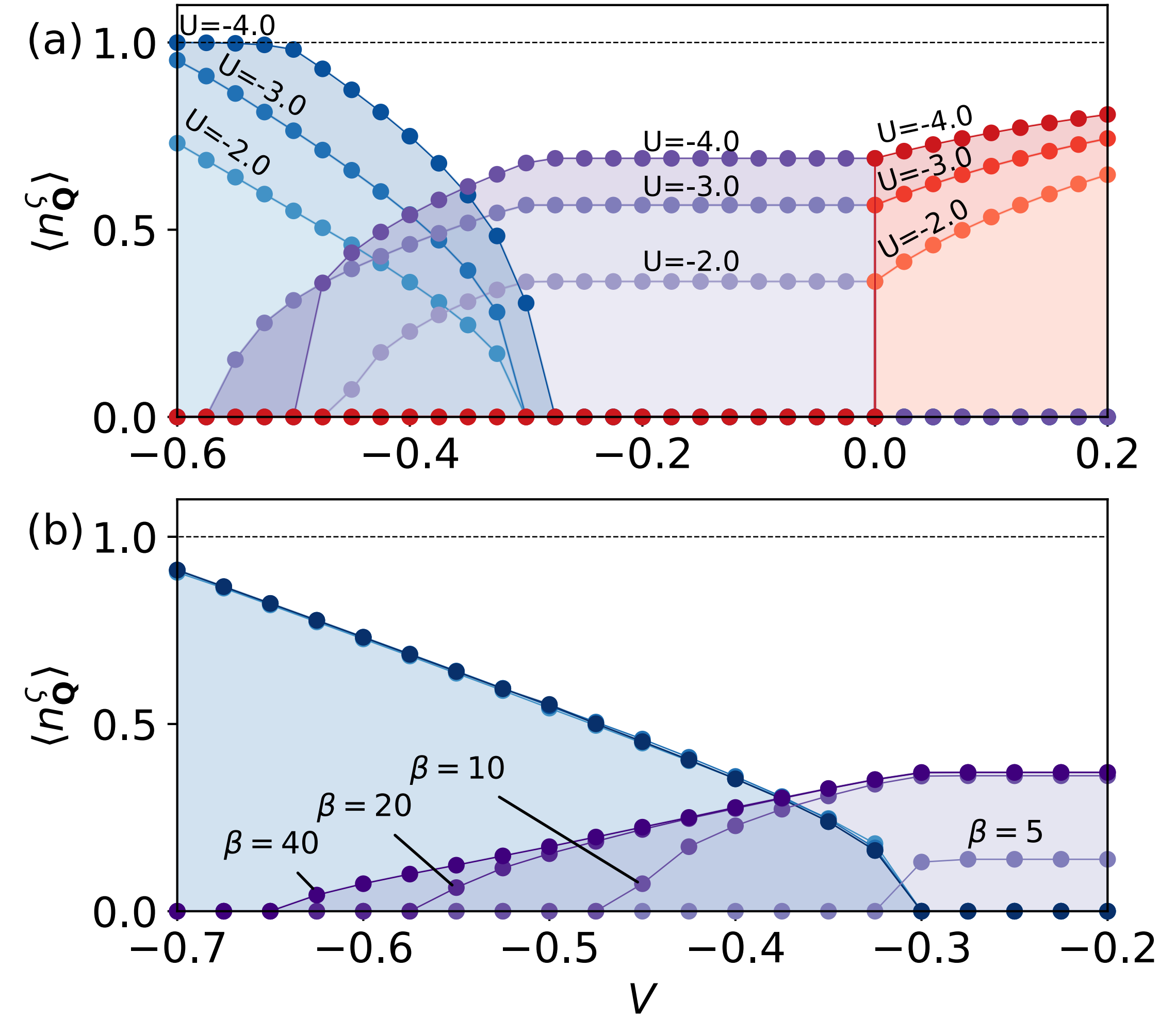
arXiv:2301.10755 (2023)



CDW = Charge density wave  
 s-SC = s-wave superconductivity  
 PS = Phase separation

Local interaction :  $U$   
 Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$

Normalised order parameters (at saddle point)

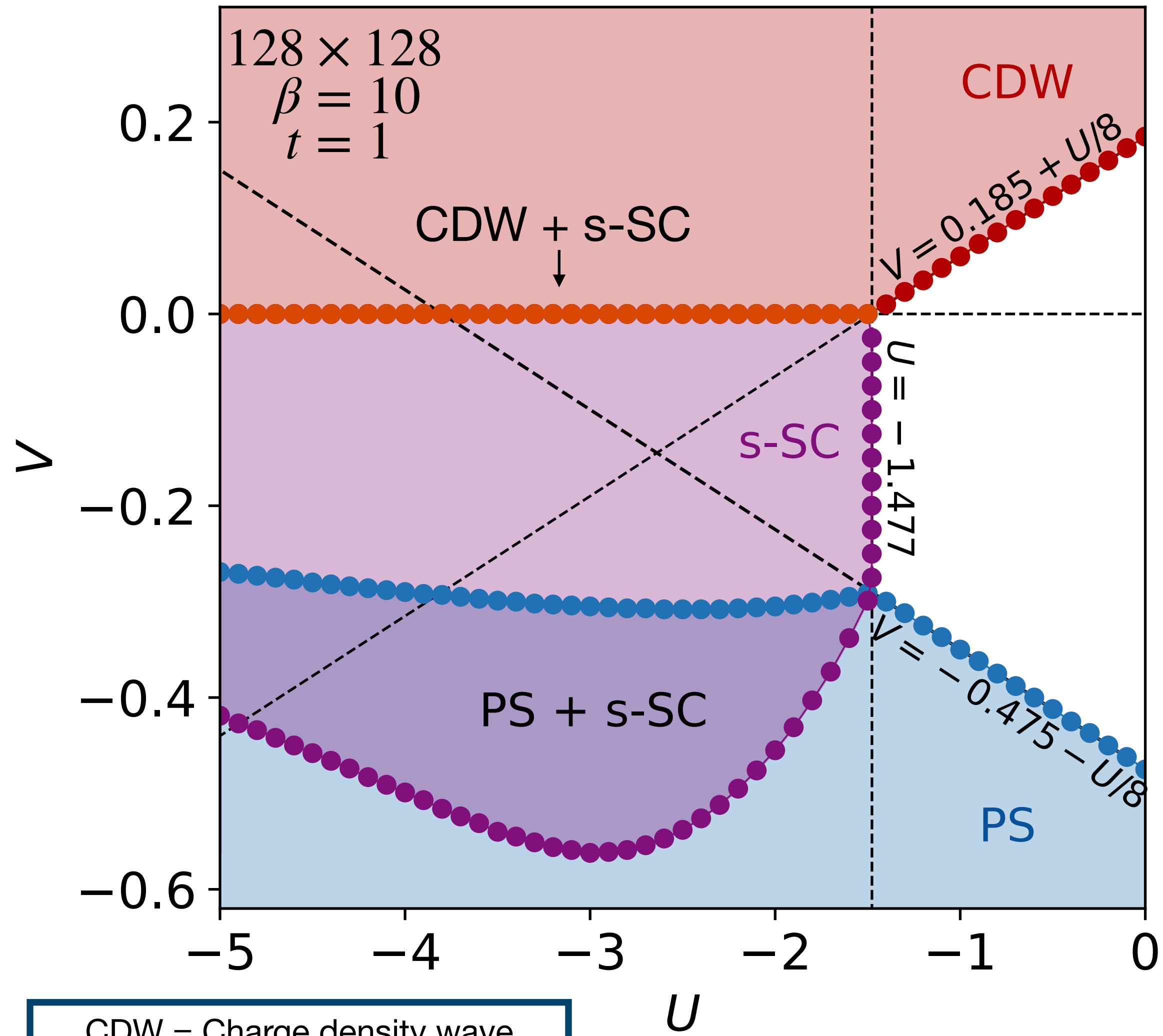


**Coexistence phase incorporating collective PS and s-SC fluctuations discovered!**

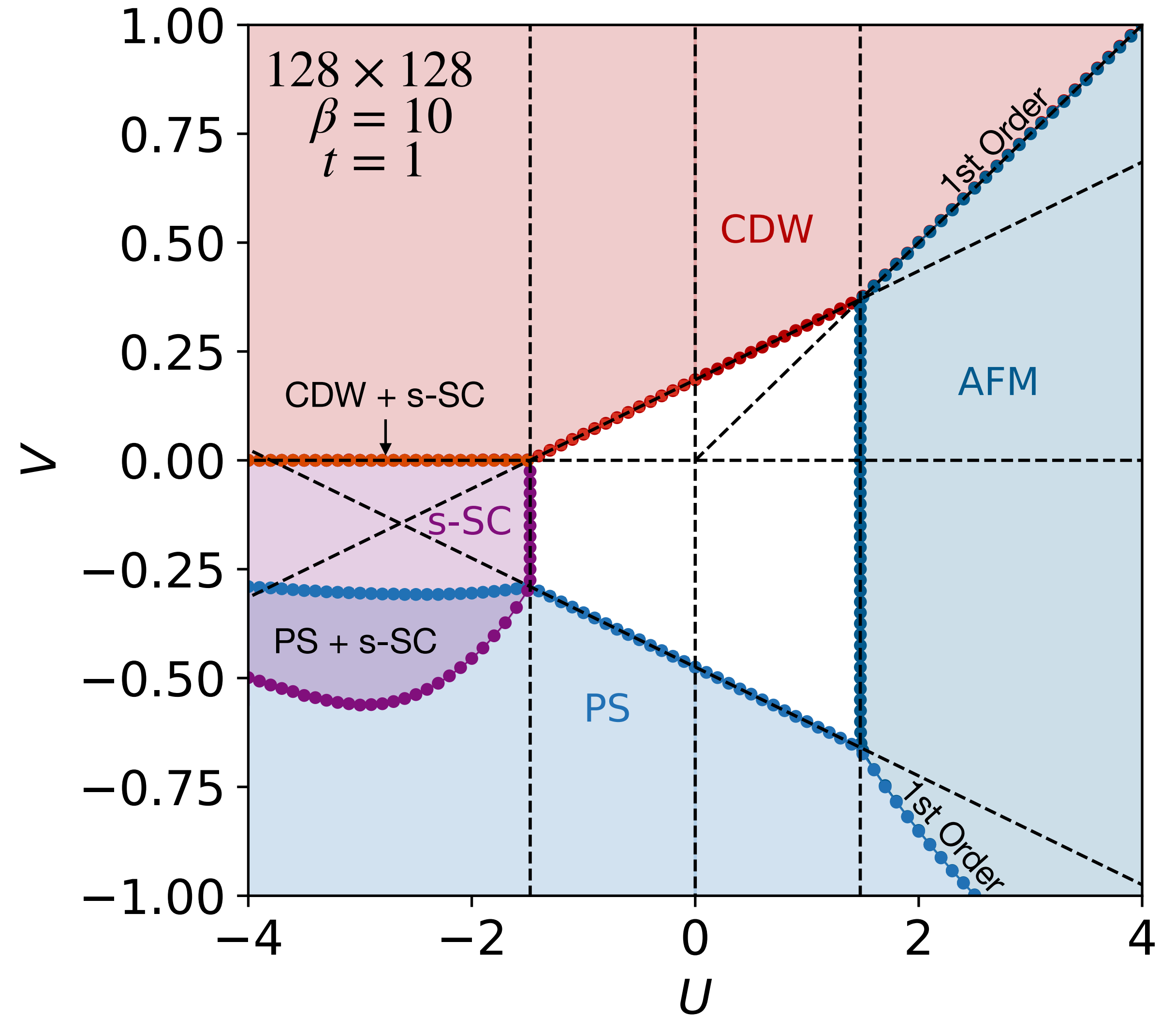
# $U < 0$ phase diagram

arXiv:2301.10755 (2023)

Local interaction :  $U$   
Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



CDW = Charge density wave  
s-SC = s-wave superconductivity  
PS = Phase separation





# Summary

## Multi-channel fluctuating field theory :

- Novel approach allowing us to study interplaying collective fluctuations in large systems with low computational cost can be implemented for general correlated quantum lattice systems
- Identification of a novel phase with coexisting s-wave superconductivity and phase separation fluctuations

**Thank you for your attention!**

Contact: **[erik.linner@polytechnique.edu](mailto:erik.linner@polytechnique.edu)**

For more information:

Erik Linnér, A. I. Lichtenstein, S. Biermann and E. A. Stepanov, arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)

Erik Linnér, C. Dutreix, S. Biermann and E. A. Stepanov, arXiv:2301.10755 (2023)

# Free energy construction

Multi-channel fluctuating field trial action:

$$\mathcal{S}^* = -\frac{1}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \nu, \sigma} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma}^* \mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma} + \sum_{\mathbf{Q}, \varsigma} \left[ \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} n_{-\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\beta N}{J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma}} \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} \phi_{-\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} \right], \quad n_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} = \frac{1}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \nu, \sigma\sigma'} c_{\mathbf{k}+\mathbf{Q}, \nu\sigma}^* \sigma_{\sigma\sigma'}^{\varsigma} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma'}$$

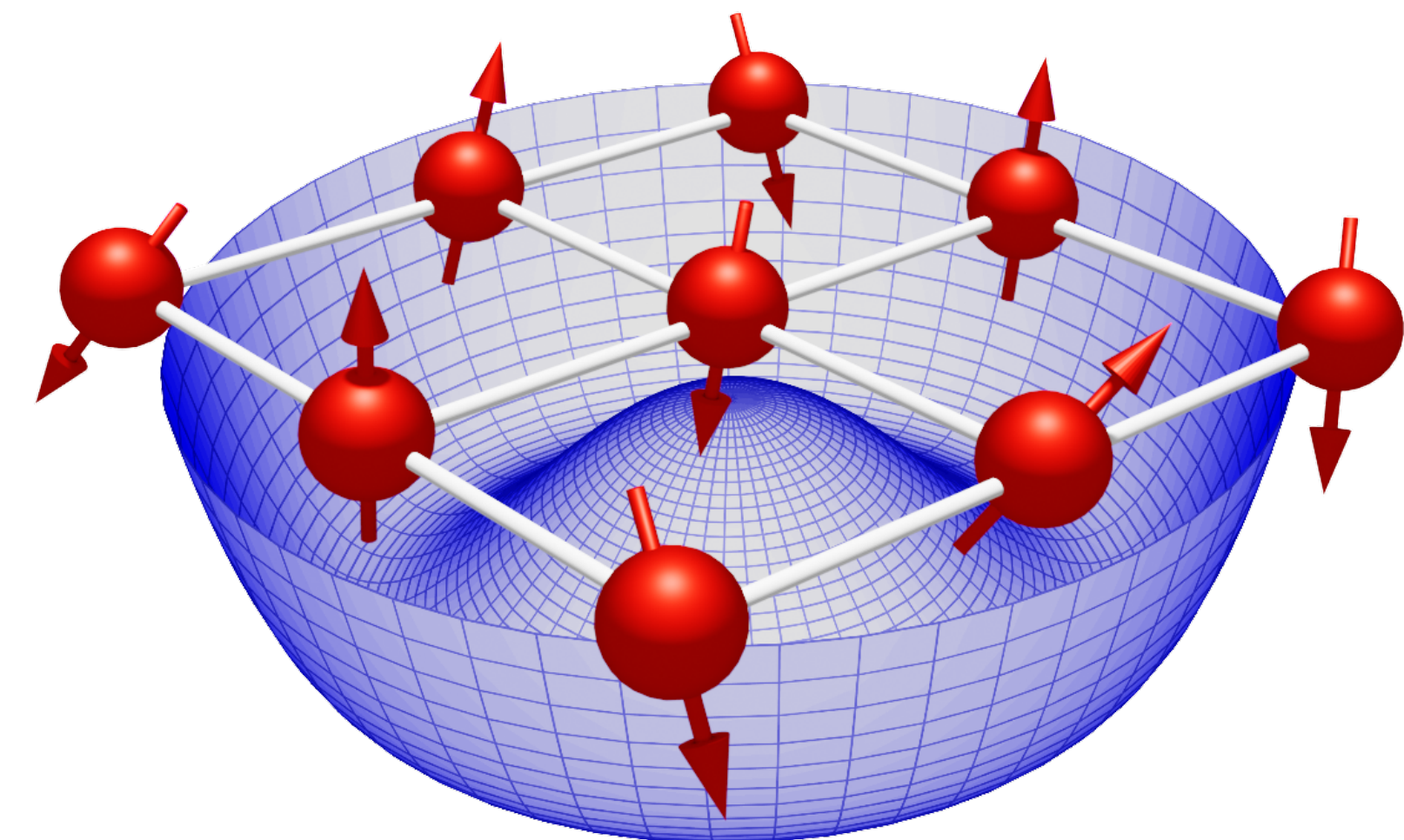
- Due to Gaussian structure, fermionic respectively classical degrees of freedom may be analytic integrated out:

$$\mathcal{S}_{\phi} = -\text{Tr} \ln \left[ \mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} \delta_{\mathbf{Q},0} \delta_{\sigma,\sigma'} - \sum_{\varsigma} \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} \sigma_{\sigma\sigma'}^{\varsigma} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{Q}, \varsigma} \frac{\beta N}{J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma}} \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} \phi_{-\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} \rightarrow \text{Derive free energy}$$

$$\mathcal{S}_c = -\frac{1}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \nu, \sigma} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma}^* \mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{Q}, \varsigma} \frac{J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma}}{\beta N} n_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} n_{-\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} \rightarrow \text{Employed in variational construction}$$

- Interplay of collective fluctuations are studied through the free energy:

$$\mathcal{F}(\phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^c) = -\frac{1}{\beta N} \ln \int D[\phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^s] \exp\{ -\mathcal{S}_{\phi}[\phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^c, \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^s] \}$$



# Stiffness determination

Determination of stiffness parameters  $J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi}$  based on Peierls-Feynman-Bogoliubov variational principle:

$$\mathcal{F}(J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi}) = \mathcal{F}_c(J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi}) + \frac{1}{\beta N} \langle \mathcal{S} - \mathcal{S}_c \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_c}, \quad \mathcal{F}_c(J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi}) = -\ln(Z_c)/\beta N, \quad \frac{\partial \mathcal{F}(J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi})}{\partial J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi}} = 0$$

- We exploit a rewriting of the expectation value:

$$\langle \dots \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_c} = \langle \langle \dots \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_e} \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_\phi} \text{ with the Gaussian action } \mathcal{S}_e = -\frac{1}{\beta N} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \nu, \sigma} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma}^* \mathcal{G}_{\mathbf{k}\nu}^{-1} c_{\mathbf{k}\nu\sigma} + \sum_{\mathbf{Q}, \varsigma} \phi_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma} n_{-\mathbf{Q}}^{\varsigma}$$

- Functional is approximately rewritten as (dropping sub-leading terms vanishing in the thermodynamic limit):

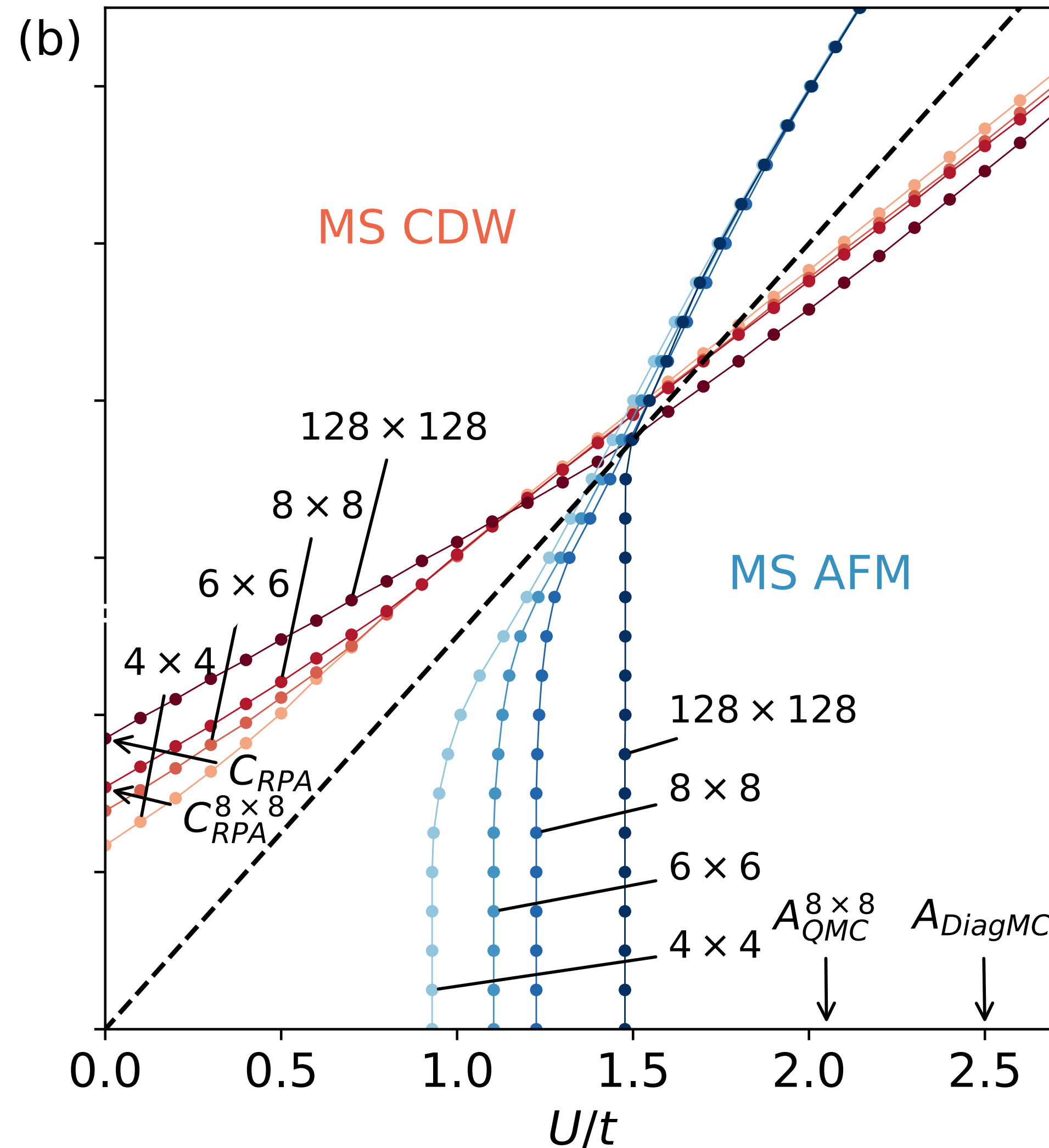
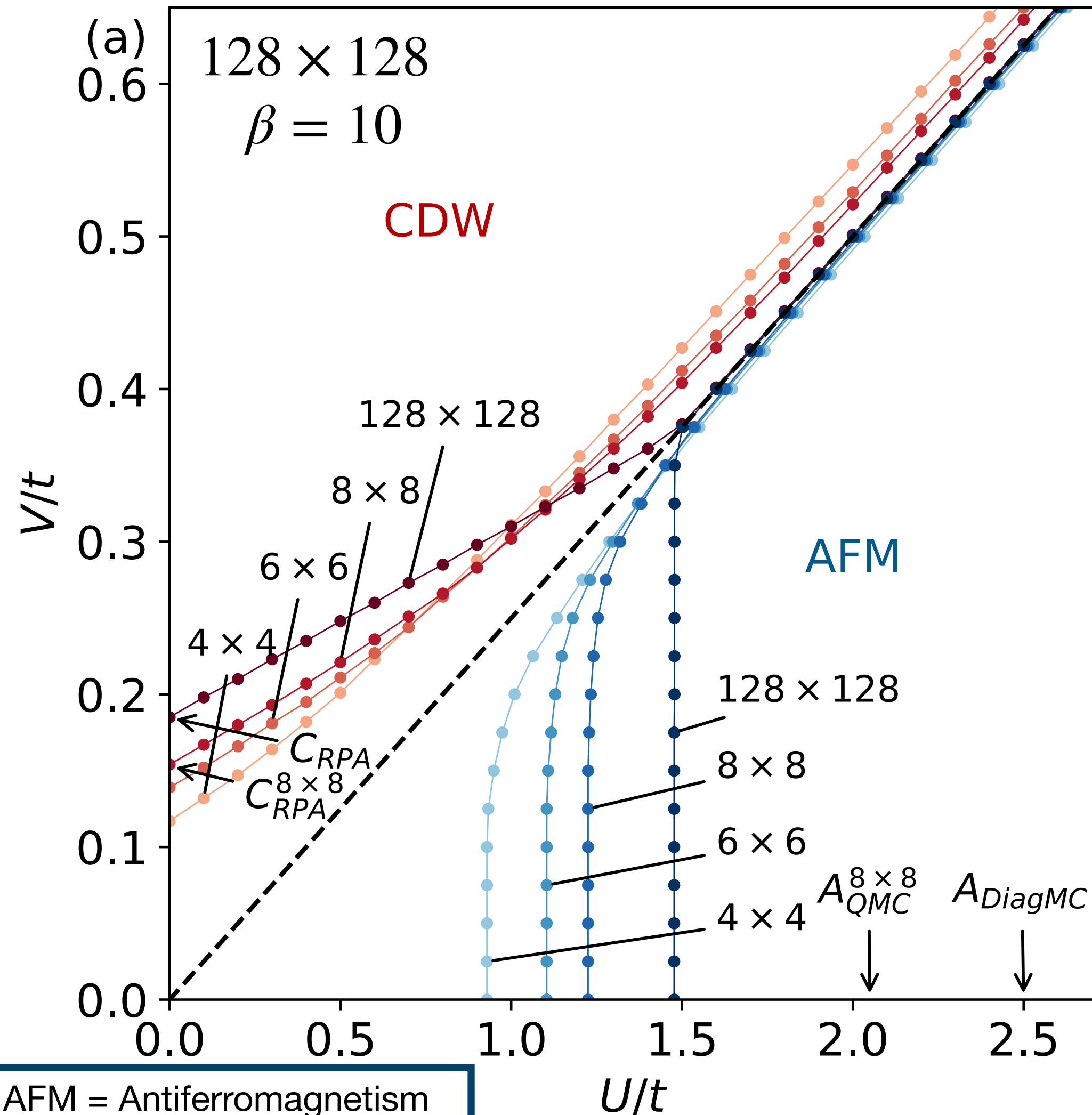
$$\mathcal{F}(J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi}) \approx \mathcal{F}_c(J_{\mathbf{Q}}^{\xi}) + \frac{1}{(\beta N)^2} \left( \frac{U}{4} + \frac{V_{\mathbf{Q}}}{2} - \frac{J_{\mathbf{Q}}^c}{2} \right) \left\langle \left\langle \langle n_{\mathbf{Q}}^c \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_e} \langle n_{-\mathbf{Q}}^c \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_e} \right\rangle_{\mathcal{S}_\phi} - \frac{1}{(\beta N)^2} \left( \frac{U}{4} + \frac{J_{\mathbf{Q}}^s}{2} \right) \left\langle \left\langle \langle \vec{n}_{\mathbf{Q}}^s \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_e} \langle \vec{n}_{-\mathbf{Q}}^s \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_e} \right\rangle_{\mathcal{S}_\phi} \right.$$

allowing to identify:  $J_{\mathbf{Q}}^c = \frac{U}{2} + V_{\mathbf{Q}}$  (charge),  $J_{\mathbf{Q}}^s = -\frac{U}{2}$  (spin)



# Repulsive $U - V$ phase diagram : System size

arXiv:2210.05540 (2022)



AFM = Antiferromagnetism  
CDW = Charge density wave  
MS = Metastable  
FLEX = Fluctuating exchange

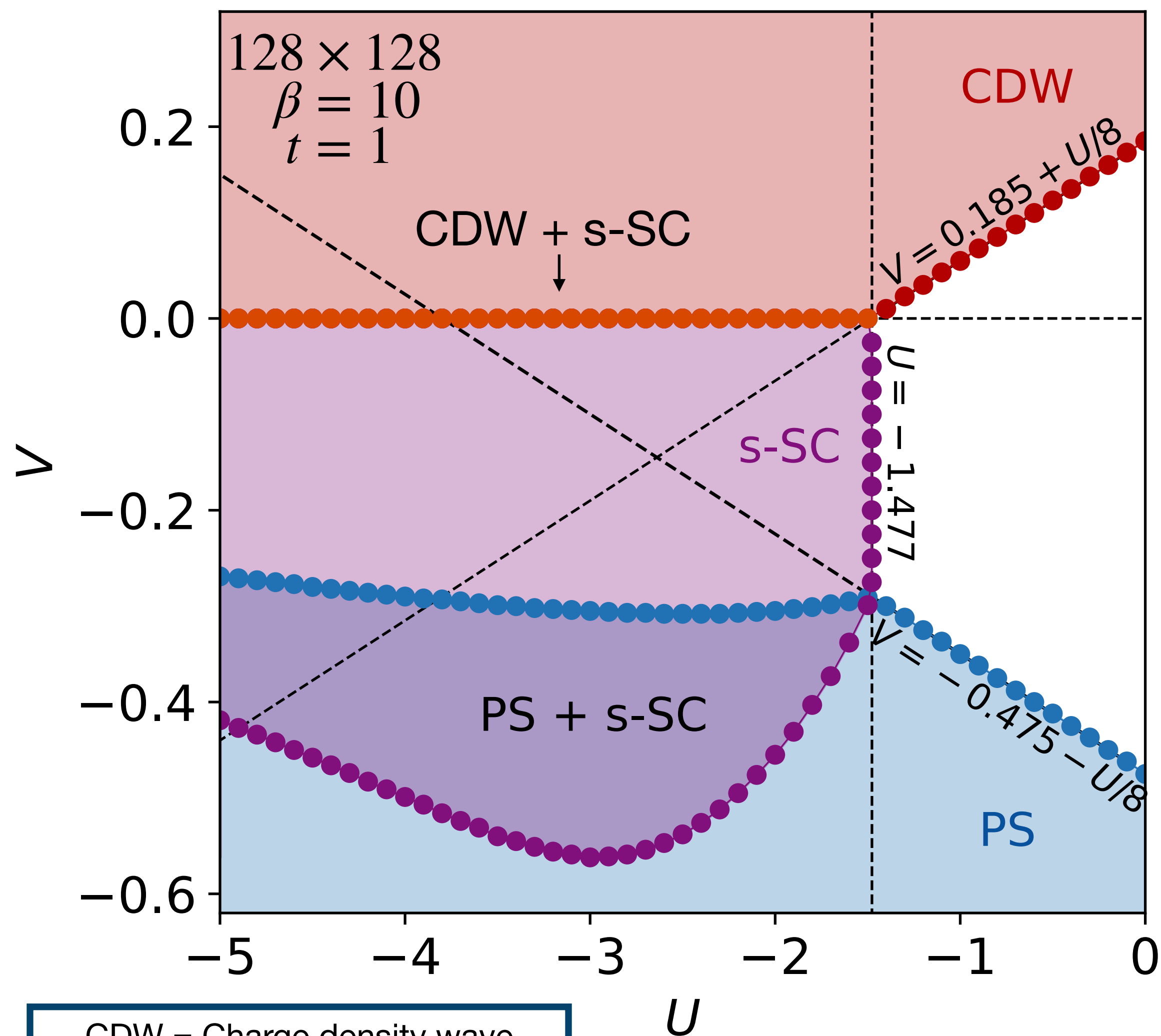
$A_{DiagMC}$  taken from F. Simkovic, et. al., PRL 124, 017003 (2020)

Local interaction :  $U$   
Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$



# $U < 0$ phase diagram

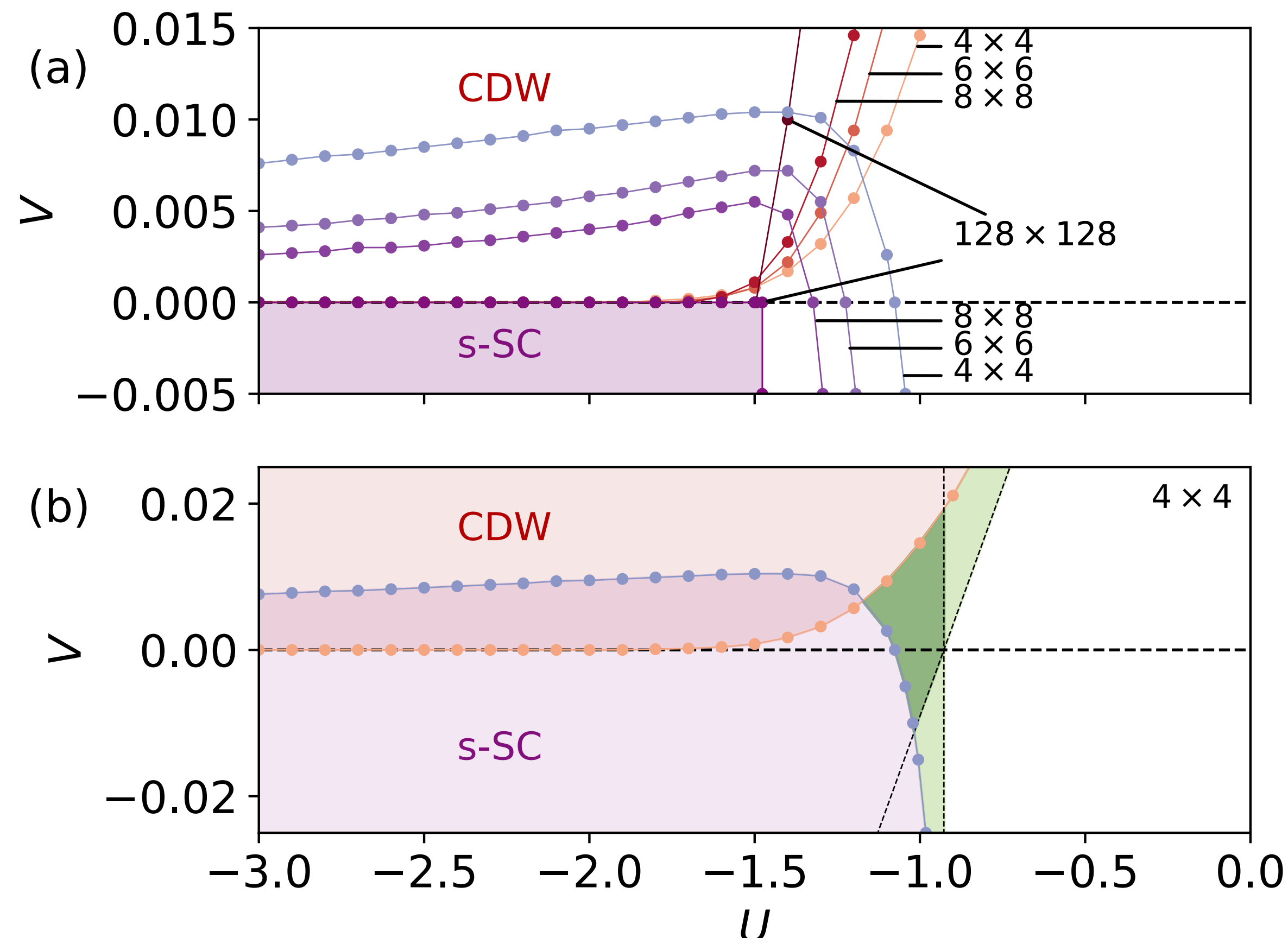
arXiv:2301.10755 (2023)



CDW = Charge density wave  
 s-SC = s-wave superconductivity  
 PS = Phase separation

Local interaction :  $U$   
 Nearest-neighbour interaction :  $V$

**Scaling dependence of the CDW + s-SC coexistence phase : Width of phase converges to infinitesimal width in the thermodynamic limit**



Regions of separately stable CDW and s-SC orderings at small system sizes